THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

REPUBLICAN WARD MEETINGS, AND BOROUGH CONVENTION.

The Republican voters of the various wards of the Borough of Bellefonte, are requested to meet, for the purpose of nominating tickets, to be supported at the ensuing Spring election, on Saturday evening, February 12th, 1876, at 7 o'clock, as follows:

NORTH WARD.—In the Town Council Room to put in nomination One person for Councilman, One person for School Director, One person for Assessor, One person for Judge, and One person for Inspector of Elections, and to choose Three Delegates to the Borough Convention.

SOUTH WARD.—In the store of J. H. McClure & Son to put in nomination One person for Councilman, One person for School Director, One person for Assessor, One person for Judge and One person for Inspector of Elections, and to choose Three Delegates to the Borough Convention.

WEST WARD.—In the office of the REPUBLICAN to put in nomination One person for Councilman, Two persons for School Directors, One person for Assessor, One person for Judge and One person for Inspector of Elections, and to choose Three Delegates to the Borough Convention.

BOROUGH CONVENTION.—The delegates from the different wards will meet in the Town Council Room at 8 o'clock of the same evening, for the purpose of putting in nomination a Borough Ticket as follows: Chief Burgess, Assistant Burgess, Treasurer, Constable, Assessor, Two Overseers of the Poor, Auditor and High Constable.

By order of COMMITTEE.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—Democratic economy consists in saving at the spile and stealing at the bung.

—The Democratic majority in Congress are going to fight it out on the line against the army washerwomen, if it takes all summer. It is proposed to abolish them.

—Congressman Nathanal P. Banks, of Massachusetts, says that he "salutes the august majesty of the people." If he lives he will have an opportunity to do that little thing next November.

—Speaker Patterson is a "wonderful" law maker! When he is opposed to a measure, he decides it out of order, smacks the gavel into the palm of his hand, swings his chair, and the proposition is dead.

—It is said that Jeff. Davis is quite poor, and likely to go into bankruptcy. If he were to die to-morrow and go through spiritual bankruptcy, he could never pay five mills on a hundred dollars of his indebtedness.

—The Democratic papers will discover before the close of the campaign that it is much more important to them who the Democratic candidate for the Presidency is, than whom the Republicans choose for their standard bearer.

—The Colorado constitution makers have sensibly decided to allow women to vote on all matters pertaining to the public schools, and to be eligible to any office which may be created by the school laws of the future State.

—Some of the leading Democrats are beginning to express doubts about the success of their party in the Presidential contest. We should think, in view of the treasonable utterances of their Southern allies, they might begin to discern "the hand-writing on the wall."

—Because the national flag is "an emblem of authority," the Bourbon members of the Kentucky Legislature are opposed to its being raised over the State House, on the ground that the United States has no authority over the building. This is the sentiment which made rebellion possible.

—The political pot is beginning to boil steamingly in the Nutmeg State. Among other encouraging signs for the Republicans is the fact that there has been a truce between the two wings of the party in Connecticut, the Hawley wing and the Jewell wing. They have laid down their arms and embraced, manifesting all the true inwardness of Centennial brotherhood. This is just as it should be.

—Kentucky Legislators appear to consider treason a virtue, and disloyalty to one's mother country an honor. One of the Senators of that State the other day proposed on the floor of the Senate that a photograph of the grave of John C. Breckenridge should be taken and sent for exhibition at the Centennial, with the inscription over it in blazoned letters, "Kentuckey's noblest and most honored son, who died an exile and an outlaw"—to show the gratitude of Republics.

SPRING ELECTIONS.

The importance of our Spring elections is too well known to all Republicans to necessitate anything more than that their attention be called to the fact, that we have a general election to be held on the third Tuesday of February, the 15th instant. The Republicans of this county should be on the alert, and see that Republican townships are favored with good Republican candidates for all township officers, and that they are all elected.

This fall we enter on a most important political campaign. The old animus of anti-Republican feeling among the Democracy is cropping out everywhere, and the intelligence of the American people should compel them, this Centennial year, to inaugurate an era of honesty, integrity, and *patriotism* in official life, and places of public trust. In order that it may be successfully inaugurated, it behooves all true American citizens to feel and assume the responsibility of their citizenship, and commence this great reform and need in every town and township in the county and State. If we elect our best and most patriotic men to fill our township offices, we can then succeed in getting our best, most able and patriotic men to fill our State and national offices. Let Republicans, then, resolve to elevate American citizenship, and give a higher tone to our political action and control. As the Republican party is really the party of American citizenship, then it behooves that party to take the lead in trying to elevate the character of the citizen, and by so doing, preserve our institutions and our government, and make them enduring as time. Then we exhort Republicans to go to work and secure the election of good, active and intelligent township officials at our Spring election to be held on February 15th, 1876.

THE COUNTY PRINTING.

P. Gray Meek has been chosen by the County Commissioners to have full control of the county printing for the coming year, and all advertising that is to go into two papers, Mr. Meek will employ the other paper to do the job; and as he has an interest in the Centre *Bertchter*, at Millheim, of course all authorized county advertising for the ensuing year, will appear in the *Watchman* or *Berichter*, or both. For years Meek has had control of the affairs of the county, and Democratic officials elected to office have been his willing tools. It was the boast of some honest Democrats that this year this ring was going to be broken up; but, as is often the case, instead of the people having secured independent officials, they will find that they have given their support to men more completely under the baleful influence of Meek than ever before. This job was nicely set up, under the plea of giving the job work, required by the Court House ring, out for bids. Meek puts in a bid, not for job work, but for all the county printing, including advertising, and at a price that will pay right royally. By this arrangement the people of Pennsvalley, and all Republicans that cannot afford to take two papers, are forced to go without this, to them as it is to the readers of the ring organ, valuable information. Now see how much sense our astute Commissioners display. The strength of the Democratic vote is in Pennsvalley. Meek's circulation does not amount to 200 in the whole of the other side of the mountain. The Centre Hall "Reporter" which, by this arrangement, is denied the county advertising, has more circulation in that quarter than the "Watchman" and "Berichter" put together and multiplied by two. Now, why do the Commissioners desire to keep from the people of Pennsvalley a knowledge of county affairs. Are there fat jobs to be given out this summer, for building bridges, repairing the jail (they intend to put a new roof on we believe), which has already cost the county eighty thousand dollars? Do they intend to spend eighty thousand more in the same way? We shall keep our readers posted from time to time. Next week we will have more to say upon the subject. There are some rich developments coming.

——The public debt was reduced during the month of January $1,599.156. Decrease since June 30, 1875, $10,455,685. The present indebtedness of the United States, less cash in the treasury, is $2,118,233,039.

ADDITIONAL LAW JUDGE.

FOR some months past the Clinton *Republican* has seemed to be very nervous over the fact that we have an Additional Law Judge in this District—claiming that, in their opinion and the opinion of many learned legal gentlemen, there is no constitutional authority for the appointment or election of such an officer. Here is what it says:

"Has or has he not a firm foundation on which he bases his commission? To our mind—and that of many legal gentlemen—there is no constitutional authority for the having of an Additional Law Judge in this district, made up as it is of four counties, whose aggregate population is at least twenty-five thousand less than that of the district presided over by Judge Dean."

We are of the opinion that the people gave him a pretty firm foundation to stand upon when he received 8,081 votes out of a popular vote of 13,588, and this, too, in the face of the fact that the *Watchman* of this place, his own party organ, gave him a very lukewarm support, and its editor was using every endeavor secretly, to secure his defeat, or if not his defeat, at least a slim endorsement by the people.

We are not among those who condemn a good officer because he is a Democrat, and therefore we have as yet had little or no reason to condemn Judge Orvis. We have even tried to strengthen his hands by a cordial endorsement, knowing as we do that some of his own party papers are ever ready to stab him in the back. As to whether he has a constitutional right to act we never before have heard it called into question, and must say that we are not quite ready to accept as authority of law the opinion of a man who shows so little knowledge of the matter as to assert that Judge Orvis presides over a district composed of four counties. As to this district being smaller than Judge Dean's, it may be so; and if so, is no argument, to our mind, why this district may not require two judges. Workmen must be employed according to the amount of work there is to do. If there is more lawlessness in this small district than there is in Judge Dean's large one, does it require any argument to prove to the editor of the *Republican* that it will require more officers of the law? Would you have the business of our courts drag its slow length along until principal and witness in the suit die? It is a well substantiated fact that the most lawless portions of our State are those portions the most strongly Democratic. Judge Dean presides over a Republican district, while Judges Orvis and Mayer preside over a strong Democratic district, and that explains the whole matter. Again the *Republican* says:

"We grant that there may be work sufficient to keep two or even more judges on the bench, but that has no bearing whatever upon the subject.

* * * * * * *

In speaking of small judicial districts, Hon. Chief Justice Agnew, of the Supreme Court, says: 'No Judge can afford to preside in such a district. No such a district can afford to shut up its Judge to business so small in amount and so circumscribed in character.' We want our Judges to be equal to the best, and if too little work will injure them in their official capacity we should see to it that they are not thus endangered."

But mark the inconsistency. While the writer admits that there may be work enough for two Judges, he quotes Judge Agnew to prove, seemingly, that they are not kept busy enough. But there is no need of argument here. Any one at all acquainted with the business of our courts knows that we are fearfully behind, and to the credit of our Additional Law Judge it may be said that he is making a commendable and earnest effort to clear the docket.

IF the people of these United States were treated right, next fall the brightest and brainiest man in the country would be elected President. Some Bellefonte men, when they see this item, will say, "that is so," but then, I'm not going to run, and so it cannot be done.

WHAT IT MEANS.

The nation under Democracy means the regenerated republic under ex-Confederate influences. If this is doubted, the organization of the House of Representatives of the forty-fourth Congress affords sufficient evidence to prove the assertion a correct one.

The fall of the Speaker's gavel which announced the organization of the House was the signal of a new departure, for the first time in twenty years. Loyalty, tried and true; one-armed and one-legged soldiers—brave fellows who had shed their blood in the defense of their country—were forced to take back seats, while the rebel element, white-washed for the occasion, pressed forward to receive, at the hands of a nation they tried to distroy, the gifts of official patronage.

The day that saw tried Union men, who had faced without flinching the rebel guns on many a hard fought field, dismissed from the House of Representatives to make room for the men who had marched in the rebel ranks, was a sad day in American history—for it spoke of an ingratitude hardly paralleled in the history of the world. Indebted to those maimed heroes more than any official patronage can ever repay, the chosen representatives of a great nation unblushingly dismissed them from positions long held with honor, and rewarded with place and power the very men who plotted the overthrow of the Government whose bounty they are now eager to enjoy.

Let us pray that this disgraceful scene may not be repeated on a larger scale—that the American people will not quietly submit to a wrong so glaring, and an injustice so unpardonable—that next year their voice will be heard, in tones of thunder, calling again tried Union men to the front, and remanding to the shades of obscurity the ex-Confederate elements that have accidentally come into power. By a strict party vote the Democrats of the House of Representatives voted down a proposition offered by representative Fort, of Illinois, to give the preference to wounded Union soldiers in filling the subordinate positions under the officers of the House.

In this significant action of the Democratic House the people have a fair sample of what will be done by Democracy if it ever obtains control of the nation. The Union soldier element will be banished from place and power. Those who led the rebellion will be selected to fill the offices now held by loyal men. It is for the people to say whether the humiliation will be perpetuated, or whether it will be checked in the bud. Our faith is strong in the final vindication of justice; and we look for a Republican triumph in the Centennial year which will undo the bad work of the Democratic House.

LANDIS, who killed the editor Carruth at Vineland, New Jersey, has been acquitted on the plea of insanity. Well, that is as good an excuse as any to clear him on, but we do not believe there is one man concerned in the trial that has the slightest idea that Landis was irresponsible when he committed the deed, more than any other murderer since the world began, who has allowed his passions to get control of him. But then, it was a set-up job to clear him, and insanity was as good an excuse as any.

THE *Watchman*, of this place, does not speak very complimentary of the New York Democrats and papers of late. "What is the matter?" We thought Democracy was the same yesterday, to-day and forever, and to it all time and place was alike; but now we see Meek going back on the traditions of the past, and making war on such old-time Democratic journals as the New York *World*. Verily the ways of a modern Democrat are past finding out.

MEN feel badly when refused credit, and yet, if they only know it, it is their only safety. Credit is one of the strongest provocatives of extravagance. People who can get such articles as they need or desire without money will rarely be found paying as they go.

Brief Summary of News.

Foreign.

The Russians in Turkestan called for reenforcements.

Gen. Martinez Campos was advancing into the heart of the Balzan Valley.

M. Gambetta was opposed by the Radicals in Paris.

The Prince of Montenero received a Turkish envoy coldly, and refused to act against the insurgents.

The Oxford boat clubs declined to take part in the American intercollegiate rowing match.

The negotiations for a compromise between Church and State in Germany were suspended.

The Alfonsists captured a Carlist position near Estella.

The Rev. Alexander H. Mackouchie, and about 100 leading ritualists, disclaimed any dealings with the Papacy.

Captain Digby (Conservative) was elected member of the British House of Commons

Cardinal Ledochowski had arrived at Berlin.

An explosion occurred in the Jabin colliery, Belgium. Out of 230 men, 20 only had been taken out at last accounts.

Domestic.

In Congress the Senate discussed the District finances; the debate took a political turn, Mr. Sargent asserting that Gov. Shepherd was made out by Democrats to be a Republican Tweed, to offset the Democratic Tweed. Mr. Sargent's $15,000,000 limit for 3.65 bonds was adopted. Mr. Morton argued in behalf of the admission of Mr. Pinchback; no action was taken. In the House the one Presidential term amendment received a vote of 144 to 106, but lacked the requisite two-thirds. An American register for the Hawaiian bark Arctic was voted. Passed numerous private bills, and engaged in an animated but pointless debate over pensioning a soldier of the late war that served in both armies.

A powerful gale from the northwest raged in the eastern part of the country, toppling over numerous church spires, and unroofing scores of buildings; there are many wrecks on Cape Henlopen.

A stage line was opened from Cheyenne to the Black Hills.

The high wind damaged many buildings and caused the death of one man in Jersey City.

Judge Barrett decided that the civil suits against Messrs. Fowler, Lowber, and Bliss should be tried in Brooklyn.

The preparation for the revival meetings of Moody and Sankey at the Hippodrome, New York, are nearly completed.

In the trial of P. N. Rubenstein, for the murder of Sarah Alexander, important testimony was given.

Twelve New York milk dealers were fined at the Court of Special Sessions for selling adulterated milk.

A conspiracy of forty prisoners to escape from the Kings County Penitentiary was frustrated.

The Boston *News* suspended, in consequence of Winslow's forgeries.

Fifteen of the whisky ring in Indianapolis were sentenced to prison for terms of from six months to three years.

An attempt by Mr. Orton, Mr. Cornell, and others, to reconcile Senator Conkling and Mr. Blaine was unsuccessful.

The Southern Life Insurance Company is bankrupt.

The national debt was reduced $1,599,000 during January.

It has been discovered that Fuchs, the Greenpoint murderer, fled from Alsace on account of crime, and committed bigamy.

Jefferson Davis has written a long letter, replying to Mr. Blaine, disclaiming that cruelties to prisoners were authorized by him, depreciating the obstacles opposed to the progress of reconciliation, intimating that he does not desire amnesty for himself, and charging imposture and barbarity upon the Federal authorities.

A fearful panic occurred at Robinson Opera House, Cincinnati; ten people were killed and many more injured.

Landis was acquitted of murder on a verdict of insanity.

Sixty thousand coal miners are to be thrown out of work until spring.

A split in the Republican party of Alabama has left Senator Spencer unable to control his State.

All evangelical denominations exhibit interest in the approaching work of Moody and Sankey in New York. A preparatory prayer meeting was held last Monday night.

Judge Dyken refused to direct the discharge of Edward S. Stokes.

A large furniture establisement in the Bowery, N. Y. was burned with a loss of $150,000.

In the New York State Legislature, the Senate passed Mr. Morrissey's bill, fixing corporation workmen's wages in New York at not over $2 a day; a bill was offered to appoint a special Prison Commission, composed of Sinclair Touscy, Gen. Niyen, Warden Pilsbury, and George R. Babcock of Buffalo; bills to regulate coal and transportation, fares on the Eighth Avenue Railroad, to lease the Grand Street Ferry, and to effect municipal economy in New York, were offered; a resolution was offered calling for reports of the New York gas companies.

Coal mining will stop in Luzerne and Lehigh counties, Pa.

Henry C. Bowen in a letter to the Examining Committee of Plymouth Church, charged Mr. Beecher with adultery and perjury. He said Mr. Beecher had dishonored several homes, but refused to give his sources of information.

The preparations for the Moody and Sankey revival meetings, in New York, are completed.

H. B. Claflin & Co. lost silks worth $5,000, by a burglary.

Minister Schenck is expected at Dayton, Ohio, in April.

The Louisiana House resolved that if the State Senate insists on the new Returning Board bill, the House will consider itself absolved from the whole adjustment.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia have ordered all work to be stopped which would have to be paid for 3.65 bonds.

The Olcott Iron Company of Albany suspended; liabilities, $150,000.

THE Democrats are making a strenuous effort to carry New Hampshire, at the next state election, which comes off next month. Last year the State was redeemed from the grasp of Democracy after a severe struggle, in which the Democrats resorted to every means, honorable or dishonorable, to carry the State. They even imported Canadians into the city of Manchester, to attain this result; yet notwithstanding this, in one of the strongest Democratic wards, their wrong recoiled upon their own heads, defeating even there one of the hardest of hard shell Democrats, Adam Dickey, by name. The fact is, a New Hampshire Democrat is just as "onary" as any other Democrat. But the Republicans will be ready for them this year, and we have not a doubt but that the old Granite State will open the Centennial year with a glorious Republican victory.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE,
HARRISBURG, Feb. 1, 1876.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Republican State Committee, adopted at a meeting held in Harrisburg this day, a Republican State Convention, to be composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative district, to the number to which such district is entitled in the Legislature, is hereby called to meet in the city of Harrisburg, at twelve o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, March 29, 1876, for the purpose of nominating an Electorial ticket and of electing Senatorial and Representative delegates to represent the State in the Republican National Convention to be held at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 14th day of June, 1876,

By order of the Committee,
HENRY M. HOYT, Chairman.
A. WILSON NORRIS, Secretary.

—The coming election in Louisiana is regarded with dread forebodings by all the better elements of the population of the State. There is no question but that it will be a terrible struggle. The Republican party is numerous enough to carry the State in a fair election, and will do so if such an election can be had The prospect, however, is gloomy enough. A correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser*, who evidently has no liking for some of the Republican leaders, says the campaign threatens to be "a feast of horrors." "There will," he predicts, "be outrage and massacres, a general intimidation of colored voters, and possibly Federal interference."

—Wanted: A Democratic candidate for President. One who can stand a good whipping about next November preferred.

Poetry.

By the Faith I Live I Will Die.

The fear of death has passed away;
I own no more the sense of ill;
With death, as life, I wish to stay,
And death as life its place to fill;
'Twas surely good, or it were not;
Then how can I against it cry?
Nay, I am calm, not care a jot,
For by the faith I live, I'll die!

Some say, "'Tis well in health to boast
Of strength and consolation strong,
But when we strike death's dreary coast,
We own our confidence was wrong."
O, lies beyond all truth to tell,
That history still doth loud deny;
In life I trust that all is well,
And by that faith I gladly die.

'Twere simple shame to dare to live,
And quake with dread when death draws near;
My conscience firm support shall give,
And banish every cloud of fear.
In nature's love I put my trust,
In this green earth, in yon blue sky;
My soul cries out, "I am not dust,"
And by that faith I live and die.

Yes, I will die as manhood should,
With sweet assurance all is right,
With knowledge clear that all is good,
And darkness leads to morning light;
In other scenes I yet shall be,
As out from death to life I fly,
And now, as then, my end I see,
And by this faith I'll peaceful die!

WILLIAM BRUNTON.

Where Earth and Heaven Meet.

Beyond the forest grand and tall,
Whose shadows cross our way,
And valleys opening to the light,
The glorious light of day;
Beyond the plains the boundless plains,
Where western breezes sweep,
Our eyes behold the place where earth
And heaven seem to meet.

Beyond the rivers winding course,
Its current deep and wide,
Beyond the hills, like sentries grim,
They rise on every side;
The while, with eager feet, we tread
The rugged mountain steep,
Yet still beyond, we see where earth
And heaven seem to meet.

Beyond them all, beyond them all,
Woods, valleys, mounts, and moor,
The rivers winding current deep,
Yet still it lies before;
In vain we seek some course to trace,
In vain the way we keep,
When life's dividing line is gained,
Then earth, and heaven will meet.

L. M. ADAMS.

Our Story Teller.

A Country Chorister.

"It is the case," said Jane, "of the sheep that tumbled over the precipice, and the whole flock rushed pell-mell after it. Of course our little ewe lamb couldn't be expected to escape the ridiculous infection."

At this obscure hyperbole Mrs. Fairfield opened wide her eyes and looked at her eldest daughter in bewilderment.

"It's plain to be seen," pursued Jane, "that Dora's head over ears in love with Miles Van Dorn, like all the other fools in this parish!"

Mrs. Fairfield quite blushed at this bold assertion.

"I'm ashamed of you, Jane," she said severely. "Dora's a mere child, and has no more idea of that kind than a babe in arms. I should think you'd have more delicacy than to accuse your sister of giving her love unsought."

"That's all balderdash, mother," said the practical Jane. "I don't profess to know much about the tender passion, but the little attention I've bestowed upon it proves to me that it holds itself quite beyond the volition of its victims. He failing to gain the approbation of this piping shepherd is the only thing that gives me a hope of quenching her love for him."

"Nonsense, Jane," said her mother. "Of course she respects him—we all do; but as for love—"

"As for love," repeated Jane, "I never saw a more decided case of infatuation in my life. The way she hung upon every note of his at the singing school to-night was simply distracting."

"She is fond of music," pleaded the mother.

"Yes, and for that reason," said Jane, "she should have listened with anything but delight. His voice is passable, merely passable; in the high notes it fails ignominiously. But high or low, true or false, upon every note Dora hung enraptured. I felt a chill creep down my vertebræ as I looked at her."

Jane Fairfield was the eldest of the two daughters of the village schoolmaster, and had, years since, left the paternal roof and gone up to the city in search of fortune. Steadily eschewing more æsthetic but less profitable employment, she had served a long apprenticeship to the dress-making business, and having graduated with an artist in that line at the metropolis, she counted her future safe in her own hands. Devoting herself to her needle and shears, the world dwindled down to a small compass with Jane, and time fled speedily by. Once a fortnight she ran down home, and heartily enjoyed what domestic amusement she could glean there—advised and harangued her mother, scolded and drilled her little sister, accepted reluctantly the benign patronage of her father, and, looking around upon the village folks, devoutly thanked heaven that she was not as other people are.

In all dispositions like Jane's there must be one element predominating; her nature was too strong to be diffusive. It was necessary that there should be a concentrating point. With her it was ambition. Not for herself—that was given up long ago with a bitterness that partook of scorn. Nothing could be done without a reasonable capital, and poor Jane had a scrawny figure, a harsh voice, and a general *tout-ensemble* that possessed more character than grace. That portion of Jane's life which the French gracefully term the beauty of youth had been frittered away in the struggle for independence, so that Jane had ceased to hope for any personal joy; but it had become a delight to her to fancy that something might come of Dora.

When her sister was but a child it chanced that she sang a simple little ballad within hearing of a professional friend of Jane's, who fell into raptures over the pure clear notes, and declared there was the germ of a fine, or perhaps an extraordinary, voice. Jane cherished this semblance of promise, and as soon as Dora was old enough was brought to the city twice a week and placed in a professor's hands, as docile a little pupil as that ardent lover of music could desire. And the child grew lovable as the years went by—lovable and, above all, lovely; above all with Jane, as it was the one thing she held altogether without approach. She had been known in one of her audacious flights to declare the result of genius could be attained by application, but nothing had ever been found that quite took the place of beauty. So the energetic spinster gloated on Dora's fresh young loveliness, upon the little pliant form, the shifted lights in her hair, the wonderful color that was never the same from one minute to another—now faint and fading rapidly, now bright, vivid, increasing in intensity, until it glowed like a flame, then fleeting again like the gorgeous tints of an evening star.

The music lessons went on, the professor became more and more encouraging, and poor Jane reveled in a fool's paradise. Heaven knows what lofty aspirations took shape in her mind. When her establishment was closed, and Jane, who could well afford it, took a back to the stylish boarding house where her nights were spent, she allowed her busy hands a resting spell; they lay idly in the folds of her well-fitting robe, while her imagination wove many a fanciful dream of future. The dream generally culminated in a specious hall crowded from pit to dome with a full-dress audience, each man and woman of them all breathlessly intent upon catching every note that fell from the lips of a marvelously lovely creature bending and swaying upon the great stage before them, shaking out from her pretty throat thrill after thrill, each one more wonderful than the last, until, driven to enthusiasm by this witchery, they rise from their seat, and fling flowers and jewelry at the feet of this beautiful magician.

Jane was in full tide of these visionary delights when, in the summer holiday at home, she went with her young sister to the choir meeting. No other gathering could have tempted her from the paternal hearth; but there was a sort of malicious sipping from the cup of nectar in hearing Dora sing in the village choir. Jane fancied these simple villagers were entertaining an angel unawares, and unconsciously doing homage to a melody that would one day enchant the world.

But suddenly the exquisite notes were hushed, and looking over at Dora, Jane found her with clasped hands and rapt eyes, listening to a strain from Miles Van Dorn. And even when the strain was finished, Dora's eyes still rested upon him with an expression that caused that chill to run down the vertebræ of her sister Jane.

The next day Jane carried her young sister off with her to the city. She was a reluctant traveler, and drooped perceptibly every mile further from home.

Although Jane persisted in drives and promenades, concerts and receptions, although she procured for Dora all the amusement that money and a respectable share of influence could obtain, Dora remained obstinately docile, but wearied.

"A decided case of ennui," said one of Jane's friends. "I've never seen that bored expression so perfect before. I'm afraid, Miss Fairfield, its genuine; your field daisy won't bear transplanting."

Jane winced at this, but bore it doggedly, until, three weeks later, the professor himself declared that the child must go home.

"Do you not see my friend of friends," cried the professor, "that even her voice is dwindling away? It is thin—thin to attenuation; there is no longer power nor compass. See, now, she must go back to the green fields and the daisies. It is a terrible sickness, this *mal du pays*. In the years that are gone, Mees Fairfield, I was near dying with it myself. To long for one's native sky, for the air that nourished the young life, you see."

"I don't see," said Jane, testily, looking at the poor old man with an air of stern contempt. "You needn't tell me it's all homesickness."

"Every bit of it, Mees Fairfield. Tell her now this night that she shall go home to-morrow, and let us mark the result."

So Jane dropped into Dora's listless ear a few magical words of which one was "home," and forthwith that treacherous color leaped to Dora's cheek, her lips trembled. "Oh, Jane!" she murmured, and two big tears of joy fell out of her trembling eyes.

One little hour after, she sang divinely to the professor's accompaniment. That good man clasped his hands and looked upward with devout enthusiasm.

"*Ach schon!*" he said, "*wunderschon!*" and the exclamation was a volumn in itself. It prophesied success and glory, the fulfilment of all their dreams.

"I suppose it *might* be homesickness," whispered Jane to herself, consolingly, "there's so much of maudlin sentimentality in some natures. If this old idiot of a professor babbles thus of green fields and daisies, why shouldn't it be for Dora?"

All the way home, however, a moody skepticism weighed upon the soul of Jane, and it was not until Dora had partaken with spirit of the delicacies provided for the evening meal, and nestled close to her mother's side in the evening twilight, singing softly but joyously a little hymn they all loved, that Jane was allowed to fully rest upon the thought that it was only homesickness, after all, that ailed Dora.

But even as they sat there, hemmed in with ropes of tangled shrubs, the fragrant scent of a hop vine slyly steeping the practical soul of Jane to semi-intoxication, Dora's sweet voice seemingly a part of the dew and the twilight, and all of it wondrously resting to the poor tired *modiste* from town—even then a big shadow loomed up before them, and a rather harsh, rasping voice said, "I've come to bid you good-by."

Jane cast one look at Dora. The rosy lips of the child were still parted with the last note of the song, her little white hands stretched unconsciously to the newcomer, and a faint echo of the word "Good-by" reached Jane.

"Why, dear me!" said Mrs. Fairfield: "I never thought to tell you that Mr. Van Dorn is going away. Ralph Peyton has coaxed him off to his church in the city to be chorister there; and our folks don't like it a bit either. But I suppose it's best for Mr. Van Dorn; there ain't much chance for getting ahead here. What with fagging at the village store all day, and teaching school at night, I cannot see when he gets a chance to read law; but I believe he does it somehow or other."

"That is one reason I can't stop and talk with my friends like other folks," said Mr. Van Dorn, "but can only find time to say good-by. I shall miss Miss Dora's voice in my new choir. It is always full and and rich; but I never noticed till to-night the haunting sweetness about it, that gets by the senses into the soul, and stays there when the music is fled."

"Hum!" said Jane; "you'll never make much of a lawyer if you din such stuff as that into people's ears."

"I don't give way to it often," said Van Dorn, laughingly, and made his way over to Mrs. Fairfield and Dora. Suddenly Jane saw the slender figure of her sister stagger a few steps toward the door and then sink forward. Jane sprang forward to catch the frail form, but Van Dorn already held her in his arms, and lifting her into the sitting room placed her gently on the old chintz-covered lounge near the window.

"It is the heat, I think," said Van Dorn, with a flush of surprise and alarm in his face.

"Yes," said Jane, bitterly, "it is the heat, and you'd better get away; the fewer people we have here devouring the air the better."

Van Dorn cast one more lingering puzzled, pitying look upon Dora's prostrate form, then went away.

Dora soon recovered consciousness, and said no word of complant; only asking that she might go to her room at once.

"I wonder what ailed Dora?" said Mrs. Fairfield, when they had put the child to bed, and descended again to the sitting room.

"Oh, mother," said poor Jane, "get away, and leave me to myself a while! Whatever ailed her, it couldn't have been homesickness, could it!" Then she laughed sardonically. And Mrs. Fairfield declared as she got out of her eldest daughter's presence, that if there was one thing more than another she hated, it was that nasty scoffing way Jane had.

Taking the early train in the morning, Jane resolved she would remain in the city till affairs had settled into the pleasant shape Van Dorn's absence would naturally bring about.

A month passed away, however, and there was no word of cheer from home. A few lines, scrawled upon an expanse of paper, at length told her that Dora was unable to write, and that even the music lessons must be discontinued. A kind of debility had seized upon Dora, Mrs. Fairfield wrote, that took away her strength and appetite.

Jane fumed and fretted over this bulletin, and the forewoman of her establishment declared there was no pleasing Miss Fairfield nohow. Miss Slopkins' evening silk fitted her to perfection, so that she looked as if she was melted and poured into it; but there was no pleasing Miss Fairfield nohow.

As the weeks went by, the messages from home became more and more lugubrious, and at last there was a hint that some of Dora's ancestors had been affected similarly at Dora's age, and that Jane knew consumption was in the family.

At this dire word the letter fell from Jane's trembling hand. Like many healthy, vigorous organizations, she shuddered when the knowledge was forced in upon her that somewhere there was lurking a fell destroyer capable of swooping down upon any prey, foul or fair, that might seize his fancy. She became enraged, of course, with what she called her mother's imbecility, and wrote back to her never to dare mention that word again; that if it ever had been in the family, it was the old-fashioned kind that people throve upon and lived with to a ridiculous old age.

Jane said "it," all through the letter, then became so terrified with this little mono syllable that she tore the paper into fragments, sent a telegram to her forewoman, and started in the afternoon train for home.

Dora looked so beautiful to Jane that she could not persuade herself she was at all out of health. Her eyes shone like sapphires, and her cheeks wore so brilliant a glow that Jane took courage, and began to believe that all would yet be well.

For a week or two Dora seemed to gain strength again. Jane's sharp yet genial company was like a tonic to the failing health of the child, and she was even able to go to church once more. But her step was faltering and slow, and the powerful imperious notes that had once filled the church with rare, rich melody were lost in faint sweet shadows of their former selves. Tremblingly and low they fell upon Jane's listening ear, and smote upon her heart till it was like to burst. Then the pitying glances of the good country folks, the dainties showered in upon her day by day for her failing appetite, and above all, the unearthly beauty that seemed to shave itself about Dora before Jane's terrified eyes—all these drove the poor woman to desperation, and she found herself praying for relief in any shape. She wished from the bottom of her heart that this man Van Dorn loved Dora, as the poor child was foolish enough to become a prey to a hereditary malady simply because this one strong element of her life was thwarted.

But Jane could find no proof of this either in the past or the present. He had simply been civil, perhaps kinder to Dora at times than to others, because nobody could help being kind to her.

But how to inveigle this fellow to Dora's feet? It was a most unpromising and hateful task. What an aggravation to misery to plot and plan for a result that will only be bearable as a means of saving life? As far as all those bright dreams of Jane's went, it would snuff them out like the extinguisher of a candle. But life, sweet life, must be saved from the wreck. If that were over-past for Dora, then would it be worse than worthless to Jane.

Of course the instrument must be money. This was the lever that moved the world. Miles Van Dorn was ambitious; he was also poor, struggling, hemmed in with difficulties on all sides. Jane could afford to pay well for the overthrow of her own ambition, and thus foster that of Miles Van Dorn.

She went to town, and from thence drove out to the parsonage of Ralph Peyton, which was but a short distance from the suburbs of the metropolis.

Entering the snug little study, it gave her a singular shock to see the shapely form of Miles Van Dorn bent over a huge volume of legal lore. She expected to see him, and really chose the evening for her visit to favor this presumption; but, nevertheless, to have thus before her this fleshy agent the fates had chosen for her discomfiture, gave her a shock of dismay.

Calm and cold, always seemingly well dressed, whatever the material or cut of his apparel, Jane vaguely approved of his personal appearance. It was creditable—amazingly so—for a Van Dorn! He seemed politely desirous of news from his late abiding-place, but kept his long front finger on the page of his book, and glanced longingly thither from time to time. At last Ralph's step was heard in the hall, and immediately upon the young minister's entrance he turned again to legal study. He bowed politely when Jane left, but looked to Ralph to do the honors of her departure.

Jane paused at the outer door.

"Ralph," she said, "I came here with a purpose, but my heart failed me. The fact is, this is a terrible blow to me."

"What is a terrible blow Jane."

"Why, this foolish madness of Dora's. I don't believe, mark you, she's dying for love, but she's naturally delicate, and has been spoiled all her life. Whatever it is, she's wasting away, Ralph, and I can't bear it; it kills me. You know, don't you Ralph," said Jane, with her foot on the step of the carriage, "that all I have will be hers sometime? and it's no palty trifle, I can tell you."

Then she drove away, leaving Ralph gazing after her with almost a ludicrous air of bewilderment. He walked with slow, halting steps to the study, and sank into a chair, with a heavy sigh.

Miles looked over inquiringly.

"Have you heard anything to disturb you?" he said.

"Yes, Miles," replied Ralph, impatiently. "Do put by that plodding of yours and give me some advice. You know I boarded in the schoolmaster's family when I preached out there.

Miles nodded.

"Well, you also know what an impulsive fellow I am. Oh, Miles, if I only had your coldness and reserve! I'm afraid I've unconsciously gained the affection of the schoolmaster's daughter."

"Miss Fairfield, the lady that was here just now?" inquired Miles.

"No!" roared Ralph. "How could you suppose such a thing? I mean Dora, little Dora—dear, gentle, sweet little Dora. To think of it, Miles! She was a mere child that one couldn't help petting and caressing. You certainly must remember her well. She sang, didn't she, in your choir?"

Miles looked at his friend, and a heat gradually gathered in his eyes, in his voice; even the forefinger that rested in the huge book of legal lore trembled.

"Go on," he said calmly. "Of course she sang in my choir. I do remember her well. Go on!"

"'Go on!'" repeated Ralph. "It's all very well to say 'go on,' but what am I to do? Her sister has just told me that she's wasting away. You know she's delicate anyway, Miles, and she can't bear my departure from there. Dear, dear little Dora!"

"Do you mean to say that Dora Fairfield is actually ill in—in your behalf?" said Miles.

"Her sister told me so just now, and she ought to know. What was she to do? This confidence is excusable on her part, Miles; she idolizes Dora. How can she help it? Dear little rose of wild wood!—to think I should have unwittingly won her love!"

Miles grew visibly paler.

"It seems to me I can remember now," he said, closing the book, and leaning his head upon his hand, "that when she fainted in my arms that night it was after the sudden mention of your name."

"Fainted!" cried Ralph; "I never heard of that. Why didn't you tell me?"

"I never talk of those things," said Miles coldly; "but as corroborative testimony it is of course, valuable."

"What am I to do?" exclaimed Ralph. "She musn't perish, Miles; that would be terrible. Wouldn't you go to her at once if you were in my place?"

A smile of an icy bitterness touched the lips of Miles Van Dorn. "Yes," he said coldly, "if I were in your place, I should go to her."

Ralph started to his feet. "Will you go over, Miles," he said, "the first thing in the morning, and ask Jane—Miss Fairfield—to go down with me? I'm afraid the shock might be injurious to Dora. Jane can tell her, you know. You will go, won't you, Miles?"

It was a matter of wonderment to Miles, afterwards how he was induced to do such a thing; but certainly he did find himself, after a sleepless night, at the door of Jane's boarding house, and actually sent up his card by the servant.

Jane arose early that morning because of anxious thoughts that drove sleep from her eyes. Slowly and ploddingly she went on with her toilet, a look of despair shaping itself in her face. For the first time in years a prayer forced itself from her lips. "Let this cup pass from me!" cried poor Jane. "Do not let Dora die!"

And at that moment a servant knocked at the door, and put a card into her hand. Jane started and turned pale as she read "Miles Van Dorn." She went down stairs, firmly persuaded that the whole thing was a dream.

Miles got upon his feet when she came in, with the awkward conviction that his presence there was an intrusion, and his errand an impertinence. "I am sent here by Mr. Peyton," he said briefly, "to ask if you will accompany him down to your house in the country this morning. He proposes starting as early as possible."

"As a minister!" cried Jane, "Does he dare to think of hastening the poor child's doom by telling her that she is going to die. Great heaven!" cried Jane becoming more and more excited. "He can do her no possible good. There is only one person in the world that can—" Jane paused abruptly.

The slumbering heat in the eyes of Miles Van Dorn leaped into a blaze. "And that person is not, then, Ralph?" he asked eagerly.

"Why, the monstrous egotism of the fellow!" said Jane, laughing with the air of one to whom laughing in unfamiliar. "Of course it isn't. How could he dream of such a thing?"

"It is natural sometimes to fall into errors," said Miles, a gradual agitation betraying itself in his ordinarily cold and measured tones. "I have myself been driven to think of this subject; it has, entirely against my judgment, absorbed much of my time. Since that night Miss Dora fainted I have found it impossible to keep her from my thoughts. You will pardon my determination to discover this party who can be of benefit to your young sister if I confess to you, Miss Fairfield—" Miles paused; a sudden impulse of passion swept away all rhetoric. He went over to Jane. "I love Dora," he cried; "I love her with my whole heart and soul. Now tell me, who is this party of whom you speak?"

"Why, then, God bless you, Miles Dorn!" said Jane, the tears bursting from her burning eyes; "that party is yourself!"

These tears, seemingly wrung from an unwilling source, melted the heart of Miles Van Dorn. "Miss Fairfield—Jane," he said, "it has not been my fault that Dora has suffered. I have not dared to think of love; it has not been a part of my plan of life. It did not seem possible—I did not know—"

"But you know now;" said Jane. "Hasten back to Ralph, tell him the little mistake he had made, and meet me the train."

Needless to tell the interview between Miles and Ralph, or strive to paint the rapture of Jane when she was able to give into her darling's hands the elixir of life in the old shape of love.

Jane had the felicity afterward to see Dora, dressed in a marvelous mixture of lace and illusion, singing to thousands of people who hung entranced upon her voice. But it was not as a cantatrice she sang, nor altogether to further the delight and ambition of her good sister Jane; it was at a charity concert as the wife of the eminent judge and jurist, Miles Van Dorn.—*Harper's Magazine*.

The Mysterious Lodger.

BY EVA EVERGREEN.

"I don't like it; and the more I think of it the worse it gets!" exclaimed Mrs. Benson, looking up from her sewing; "there was a mystery about him from the first, and now that young feller visitin' him and actin' so queer, it looks dangerous. That comes of being a lone widow woman with no protector! I'm sure when he came here so respectful, and offered a good price, and didn't mind if the accommodations weren't first-class, I could never have expected to imagine ——"

A sudden ring at the door caused her to hurry out into the hall. A rather brigandish looking young man, with piercing black eyes, luxuriant hair, and carrying a mysterious paper roll, stood before her.

"Mr. Brown in? Don't trouble yourself to call him; I'll go right up."

Mrs. Benson fell hopelessly back, and the visitor went up stairs with ponderous strides. A door above opened and shut, and the landlady, in a state of increased perplexity, returned to her sewing. The subject of her soliloquy, a prepossessing young man of thirty or thereabouts, by the name of Brown, had engaged lodging with her some months before. His pay was prompt, his hours and manners unexceptionable, and his wants few, and the good lady had quite warmed toward him. But after awhile he began to stay out late, his passing salutations had, to the widow's ear, an element of mystery, and latterly he had received long and frequent visits from the stranger just admitted. Once or twice she had tip toed upstairs after him, and listened at the key-hole; but failing to catch anything intelligible, and fearing detection, she had been obliged to retreat unenlightened.

"I can't feel it my duty to let this run on any longer," she said at last; "there's no knowing what dreadful plot may be hatched in my house. I might be arrested, too, as an accomplice. It's well I thought of that closet—the good-for-nothing wretches! I'll circumvent 'em; yes, and perhaps get a reward."

Inspired with these mingled ideas, Mrs. Benson stole softly up stairs. The room adjoining her lodgers' contained a closet, from the wall of which some of the plaster had fallen, leaving a small aperture. Creeping cautiously in, and bending down with her ear to the wall, she heard Mr. Brown's voice:

"Yes, that will do!—leaves no trace of suspicion. Did you use poison?"

"Poison!" gasped the lady; "I thought he looked like a villain!"

"No; I thought the dagger was better."

"What sort of a one was it?" queried the lodger.

"Oh, the regulation kink—Italian with a jeweled handle. I left it so as to implicate him, you see; and abducted the girl and carried her to a lonely house on the moors. I suppose she felt comfortable! Ha! ha! ha!"

"Merciful powers!" choked Mrs. Benson; "that's the girl they've advertised in the *Herald* this week! To think what awful characters I've been harboring and abetting; it's just a miracle that I'm alive to tell of it!"

"Well, she heard next, "how about the will and jewels?"

"They're secured; I'll divide the spoils to-morrow."

"Not forgetting me," laughed Brown. "Well, is that the end of things?"

"Not quite. I've one more project to develop."

"Why, what an insatiable fellow you are; is it another murder?"

"No; I want to secure an easy, unsuspicious body of middle age to look after the heiress. One with a little bank account that I can withdraw after I get her safe, and have it given out that she is moved to the country."

"Yes, very clever! you are coming on, Moore! How will you manage it?"

"Oh, I'll come in a carriage with an

invitation for her to spend the evening out somewhere; and if she gets suspicious and makes any trouble, I'll just give her a little 'distilled sleep' and carry her off nolens volens!"

"First-rate, only don't make the dose too big," replied the lodger.

"No danger; and—I tell you what, Brown ——"

"Well, what? Don't keep a fellow in suspense!"

"I've hit upon the middle aged person—your worthy landlady!"

Mrs. Benson's heart stood still. How did the wretches know that she had a little money? Breathlessly she listened for the next words.

"Ha! ha! ha!" roared the lodger; "what would she think to hear that?"

"I think she considers me a sort of suspicious being already, but I regard that idea as nothing short of an inspiration, Brown. I'll step in and have a look at her before I go, and also arrange for ——"

Mrs. Benson could endure it no longer. The only safety for her life was to have these villains arrested at once, and, staggering from the room she closed the door. In her perturbation she did not hear the other door open the same instant. The hall was narrow and dark, and plunging forward she run violently against something, heard a stifled exclamation, and felt herself seized by a strong pair of arms.

"Murder! murder!" shrieked the landlady, hysterically.

"Hush, madam!" spoke the visitor's voice; we're only——"

"Oh, I know it all! let me go, you assassinator, you distilled sleeper! let me go this minute. Murder! thieves! watch! police!"

She wrenched herself free in a frantic effort to reach the stairs, and the impetus carried her over the first step. For a moment she wavered on the edge, her arms flung wildly about in the attempt to regain her balance, and then over she went accompanying each revolution with a most ear-splitting shriek, while the two men, with a burst of mingled consternation and merriment, precipitated themselves after her in, however, a somewhat more orthodox fashion. Just as they reached the hall, and the landlady had succeeded in picking herself up, the street door was burst open and a policeman's astonished eyes took in the scene. Mrs. Benson on one hand, her face covered with perspiration and dust, and giving vent to shriek after shriek, with as much persistence and rapidity as her breath would allow; and the conspirators on the other, scarcely able to stand in their excess of merriment, holding their hands to their sides, convulsed with paroxysms of laughter.

"What is the matter here?" demanded the police guardian.

"Arrest those villains right away!" Mrs. Benson stammered.

"Arrest 'em?" as Brown and Moore went off into another convulsion.

"What for?"

"What for?" screamed the landlady; "a nice reliable set you police are, to be sure! Here they've murdered somebody, and carried off that girl the papers are advertising for, with a lot of money, and—oh, dear!"—wringing her hands—"they was going to attack me, a lone widow woman, and distill me to sleep, and take away my hard earnings, and carry me off to take care of that young girl!" and her overwrought imagination found vent in a burst of tears.

"What does she mean, anyhow?" asked the officer, evidently mystified.

"Just wait till I get my breath?" choked Moore with a fresh burst of laughter.

"Distill her to sleep! Oh, hold me!" exploded his friend, hysterically.

"Ain't you going to arrest them before they murder me?" demanded Mrs. Benson.

"Just hold on till I hear their story," replied the officer grinning; "come, what's the row, anyhow?" He turned to Brown.

"Well, step here and sit down; I'll make it all clear in two minutes. Just hand me that roll, Moore." He stepped toward the sitting room.

"No you don't!" shrieked Mrs. Benson; "my bank book's in there, and I won't be robbed before my own eyes! Stay where you are!"

Controling his risibilities, Brown held the opened roll toward the officer.

"This solves the mystery. My friend, Mr. Moore, has lately become attached to the staff of a local paper, and is at present engaged on a thrilling romance for its colums. He has brought installments to me for my criticism, and my landlady was to figure as one of the characters. That is the extent of our villainy."

"But what frightened her so?" asked the perplexed officer.

"Eavesdropping, of course! There is an empty room next to mine, with a closet in it, and we were talking over the matter. We came out into the entry at the same time and ran against her in the dark. My friend caught hold of her, but she pulled away and being right by the head of the stairs, the rest can be summoned up in a few words—thumpety-bump, shrieks, gaiters, petticoats—all in an indiscriminate mixture! Oh, what a fall was there, my countrymen!" and the conspirators broke once more into a peal of merriment, in which they were heartily joined by the policeman.

Something had suddenly enlightened the landlady's mind, and she came forward quite beaming.

"Oh! is that it?" Are you a story paper man?"

"Precisely madam!" responded Moore with a bow; "and I intend to ask if you could accommodate me with lodgings I'll pay what ever Mr. Brown does."

"Oh, certainly! certainly!" cried the delighted widow; "so long as you ain't——"

"Quite such a villain, eh? And you shall have complimentary copies of all my productions."

"Well, since there ain't nobody to arrest, I'll bid you good morning," remarked the policeman, in lofty defiance of syntax; and he bowed himself out, while Mrs. Benson, leading the way herself to the sitting room, invited her guests in to "rest," and completed all needed arrangements.

Mr. Moore came next day. The widow's bankbook remained undisturbed and her "savings" gained monthly. Messrs. Moore and Brown are two of the brightest stars on the staff of the Thunderer, and, the mystery solved, Mrs. Benton has never had another temptation to eavesdrop, and stoutly maintains that she always did and always will, think her lodgers "the two very nicest, cleverest folks in the city!"

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S. M. IRWIN, late Justice of the Peace. | S. M. IRWIN & SON, | JOHN J. IRWIN, Attorney at Law

OFFICE, NORTH SIDE DIAMOND, BELLEFONTE, PA.

This agency represents the oldest and best Fire Insurance Companies represented in the United States, and the best Life Insurance Company in the world.

☞ FAIR RATES AND GOOD INSURANCE ☜

should induce the insuring public to patronize this agency.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

N. B Strict attention given to collections, and remittances promptly made. Scrivening of all kinds neatly done on short notice. 27-3m

Nagle, Cooke & Ewing, Paper Hangings.

FINE PAPER HANGINGS,

OIL PAINTED WALL PAPERS,

SUBSTITUTES FOR PAINTED WALLS.

DADO'S HALL AND CEILING DECORATIONS

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF FINE AND CHEAP GOODS.

NAGLE, COOKE & EWING,

1208 Chestnut Street, 19-1f PHILADELPHIA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE WANT AN AGENT

IN EVERY COUNTY

IN THE

UNITED STATES!

GOLD COIN! $1,000.00 IN GOLD COIN!

WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD

and will forfeit $1,000 to any person who can produce a remedy which will prove by actual test, a more speedy, certain and effectual cure for all Pains and Aches of whatever form, external and internal, acute or chronic, deep seated or otherwise, than

DR. RADCLIFF'S GREAT REMEDY,

SEVEN SEALS

—OR—

GOLDEN WONDER,

We have had this challenge of $1,000 prominently displayed in all our Circulars and Newspaper Advertisements, for the last four years, and not taken, which shows the superior excellence of our Remedy over all others. For External or Internal use,

IT WILL EFFECT A SPEEDY CURE IN ALL CASES OF

Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Flesh Wounds, Burns, Colic, Cramp, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Diarrhœa, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Inflammatory Rheumatism, Asthma, Phthisic, Heartburn, Indigestion, Summer Complaint, Pains in Side, Back or Loins, Piles, Ringworm, Felons, Stings of Insects, Bites of Venomous Serpents, and especially Rheumatism.

A Powerful Remedy which is Taken Internally by Any One.

This celebrated medicine is beyond a doubt the greatest discovery in Medical Science known to the world. Its action is at once felt. Its wonderful cures are instantaneous. In fact it literally demolishes pain.

EQUALLY GOOD FOR MAN OR BEAST.

Remember we Guarantee Every Bottle, No Cure, No Pay. Try It, and be Convinced.

WE OFFER PERMANENT AND PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT. AN ARTICLE OF UNIVERSAL SALE.

To You This is a Golden Opportunity. Thousands are Now Out

of employment. To them we offer, in the sale of our Remedy, a preventative of hard times. We have adopted as our motto,

NO CURE! NO PAY!

A source of happiness to Millions of suffering Humanity.

During the past year the wonderful success of this Great Remedy has far exceeded our most sanguine expectations; thousands have been cured, and thousands have found out from actual experience that DR. RADCLIFF'S GREAT REMEDY, SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER is the Most Wonderful Pain Destroyer in Existence, the Most Expeditious, Safe and Powerful Remedy known in the World. Cures are effected almost instantly, as if by Magic. Thousands of certificates have been received from all parts of our broad land, unsolicited and unasked for, speaking in heartfelt and universal praise of this Great Remedy, from personal knowledge of its almost miraculous powers in curing the most obstinate and prostrated cases of Diseases.

$1,000 Profit in Four Months. 1,872 $1 Bottles Sold.

READ THIS:

SCOTT TOWN, LAWRENCE COUNTY, OHIO.

MESSRS. KENNEDY & CO.—Dear Sirs: At this late hour I will inform you of the great benefit I received from the use of Dr. Radcliff's Great Remedy, SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER, after being confined to my bed for 8 years with a complication of diseases, viz: Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain the Right Side, with General Debility, for which I tried the skill of our home physicians, also a doctor of New York City, and two of Pittsburgh, and one in the northern part of Ohio. Took enough patent medicine to swim in.—all to no purpose. At length I was induced to try Dr. Radcliff's SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER. I sent and got six fifty cent bottles, and before using it all found myself able to travel in a buggy. Took the agency for its sale last April, four months ago, and have sold thirteen gross, or 1,872 bottles, up to this date, August 20, 1872, and expect from the growing demand to sell ten thousand (10,000) bottles in the next year. Gentlemen, if you think this worth using you can do so, as I am generally known over three counties as a man of great affliction. Yours respectfully, H. J. DARLING.

A REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES. TRY IT.

For this Great Remedy we wish you to act as our Agent.

DEAR SIR—The above fully explains the articles we wish you to sell. This business is honorable, and by being energetic, will pay you well. It is our desire to appoint an agent in every county in all parts of the United States and Canada, granting to each the exclusive right to sell every bottle sold in the county. Should you accept the agency of one or more counties, you shall have the exclusive right to sell every bottle sold in your county, so long as you continue to act as our agent, and all orders which we may receive from your territory shall be turned over to your account.

This Wonderful Remedy, SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER sells rapidly in the hands of the right kind of men, and we want none other. Now, if you think you are the man for the work, forward your order, name your county, and go to work; you can sell a gross in a few days without a doubt. We have one man who buys on an average three gross a week, and his orders are increasing rapidly, and he has a small county (Berks county, Pa.) He writes that he expects sell one gross per day, at retail, the coming season, not counting wholesale. You have the privlege of selling wholesale or retail, or putting it on commission with druggists, or selling by subagents. This business is worth the attention of good men and men of capital. Should you make but reasonable wages—say $100 per month for the first three months (many make more)—you would nevertheless be establishing a business that would pay you largely in the end.

Agents are doing better with our Remedy than anything else they ever took hold of. Why is this? Because the Remedy does just as we say, and our agents can warrant every bottle. No cure, no pay. Knowing that we mak all losses good, should they be called on to redeem a bottle, agents run no risk of loss.

SEVEN SEALS or GOLDEN WONDER is put up in $1 00 and 50 cent bottles, elegantly finished in neat and appropriate wrappers, and packed in nice boxes, one dozen in each box.

To druggists our scale of prices are—Large size, $1 00 bottles, per dozen, $9 00; small size, 50 cent bottles, per dozen, $4 50.

We give special terms to our County Agents at such figures that they can sell to druggists and country stores at the above price and make a handsome profit. We also give an

EXTRA PREMIUM TO AGENTS.

In order to have live, energetic men to take hold of the business at once, we have concluded to give free gratis to each and every agent a present of a handsome, fine

COIN SILVER HUNTING CASE WATCH, FREE,

Beautifully engraved and correct time-keeper, worth $20 00, and a certificate of agency giving SOLE CONTROL of such county as the agent may select (not already taken); and, furthermore, all orders coming from such counties as the agent may select, will be sent back by us to the agent to be filled—in fact we give sole control of such counties as long as the agent continues in the business. Remember, the Premium Watch is given gratis to agents. We take this plan to have our Great Remedy quickly and thoroughly introduced. Let us hear from you at your earliest convenience, and secure your county at once, before being taken by some one else. Remember this offer is open for a short time only.

A Small Capital Required to Run a Large and Paying Business.

The capital required is very small and the profits from it will fully equal that of thousands of merchants who have idvested a large capital in their business. Hundreds in all parts of the country are making from $1,500 to $5,000 a year, and hundreds more will date their success from accepting our liberal offer at this time. Any one willing to work for success can force it, but those who believe that it can be had from idleness are not the kind of men we want to push our business. We want a LIVE, ENERGETIC AGENT, as one such is worth a dozen who expect a business to push itself. We have spent in pushing our business, $100,000. It has paid us to do it, and it pays our Agents, as it advertises it thoroughly in every State, County and Township in the United States—not only for us, but for the Agent. Remember, this is a life business, and that every year it grows larger and larger.

We will send to parties contemplating to act as our agents a SAMPLE DOZEN BOTTLES, securely packed, with our different Posters, Bills, Show Cards, Terms, &c., upon receipt of $2 50, and all sending $2 50 for Sample Dozen, we will send, free of charge, Samples of our Eight Elegant Chromos, entitled,

GOOD MORNING! GOOD NIGHT!
FEEDING THE CHICKENS! MOTHER'S GRAVE!
OUT OF THE FRYING PAN! BO BEEP!
READING THE BIBLE! FIRST LESSON!

If you want your county, let us know as soon as convenient, as the territory may be taken. We would be pleased to have parties who contemplate taking an agency, to send for Sample Package of this wonderful Remedy before engaging largely in the business.

Remember, we guarantee every bottle. NO CURE, NO PAY.

With these suggestions we leave the matter with you. We do not wish you to engage unless you will follow the business as a business, and really desire to make money. We want none but honest, conscientious men. To such we guarantee success.

Address all communications to

R. KENNEDY & CO.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

v3n3-4w

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION, connection with BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 21, 1875, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves New York		9 25 a. m
" "	Philadelphia	12. 55 p. m
" "	Baltimore	1. 2 p. m
" "	Harrisb'g	5.00 p. m
" "	arr. at Williamsp't	8.55 p. m
" "	Lock Haven	10.20 p. m
" "	Bellefonte	11.50 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves New York		8.25 p. m
" "	Philadelphia	11.55 p. m
" "	Baltimore	2.00 p. m
" "	Harrisburg	4.25 a. m
" "	Williamsport	8.35 a. m
" "	Lock Haven	9.45 a. m
" "	Renovo	11.05 a. m
" "	arr. at Erie	7.00 p. m
LIMITED MAIL leaves Philada		7.20 a. m
" "	Baltimore	7.30 a. m
" "	Harrisb'g	10.45 a. m
" "	arr. at Williamsp't	2.20 p. m
" "	Lock Haven	3.30 p. m
" "	Renovo	4.45 p. m
LOCK HAVEN ACCOM. leaves Phila		8.00 a. m
" "	Baltimore	6.20 a. m
" "	Harrisburg	1.25 p. m
" "	arr. at Williamsport	6.10 p. m
" "	Lock Haven	7.30 p. m

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven		6.40 a. m
" "	Williamsp't	7.55 a. m
" "	arr. at Harrisb'g	11.55 a. m
" "	Baltimore	6.15 p. m
" "	Philadelphia	4.00 p. m
" "	New York	7.35 p. m
DAY EXPRESS leaves Bellefonte		8.10 a. m
" "	Renovo	9.10 a. m
" "	Lock Haven	10 25 a m
" "	Williamsport	11.35 a m
" "	arr at Harrisburg	3.00 p m
" "	Philadelphia	6.20 p
" "	New York	9.15 p. m
" "	Baltimore	6.55 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11. 20 a. m
" "	*Bellefonte	8.22 p. m
" "	Renovo	5.25 p.
" "	Lock Haven	9.45 p.
" "	Williamsp't	10.5 p. m
" arr. at Harrisburg		2.30 a. m
" "	Baltimore	7.35 a. m
" "	Phila	7.00 a. m
" "	New York	10.10 a. m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12..55 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3.55 a m
" "	Baltimore	7.35 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7.35 a m
" "	New York	10.25 a m

* The Bald Eagle Valley Express leaves Bellefonte at 8.22 p. m. and connects with Erie Mail at Lock Haven at 9.45 p. m.

Erie Mail west, Limited Mail West, Lock Haven Accom. west and Day Express east make close connection at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail west, Limited Mail west and Fast Line west make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail east and west, Limited Mail west, Fast Line west and Day Express east make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail east and west connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R., at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor Cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Limited Mail west, Fast Line west, Philadelphia Express east and Day Express east. Sleeping Cars on all night trains. WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Exp. P.M
Leave Tyrone		8 30	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 37	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 46	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 15
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 22
Martha	17	9 13	7 33
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 05
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	33	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	31	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 38	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 13
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 32
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	55	11 22	9 42

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 15
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 25
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 45
Howard	15	10 38	4 00
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09
Curtin	21	10 54	4 15
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04
Julian	34	11 57	5 15
Martha	38	12 08	5 26
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44
Bald Eagle	50	12 43	5 58
Vail	52	12 48	6 03
East Tyrone	54	12 55	6 08
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10 A.M.	2 25 P.M
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40	5 35
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10	2 25
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10 P.M.	5 10

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intesection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.

DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju.	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 30 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 36 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a. m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

JNO. D. SOURBECK.

LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attende to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.

4-16 1y

$1,200 PROFIT ON $100

Made this month by *Puts and Calls*. Invest according to your means. $10, $50 or $100, in Stock Privileges, has brought a small fortune to the careful investor. We advise when and how to *operate safely*. Books with full information sent free. Address orders by mail and telegraph to BAXTER & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers, 17 Wall St., N. Y.

v7n48-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

the following rates.

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
Inch (12 lin' this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor.
Bellefonte, Pa

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9, 1876.

VERY SAD.

The Rev. Wm. Major, of the Methodist church, so well and favorably known throughout the Philadelphia conference, has just sustained a great affliction. On last Friday he buried his youngest child, a daughter five years of age, and his infant grandson, two remarkably fine children; both of whom died suddenly of diphtheria. His daughter Clara, a lady of many endearing qualities, the young mother of the infant, and the wife of Mr. Z. DeForest Ely, attended the funeral in an enfeebled state of health, she having been an invalid some weeks previously, and had to be borne to the side of the vault in a chair. Since the funeral she had eaten nothing, and death terminated her sufferings yesterday. She was interred with her son and sister in Bethel M. E. church vault. Mrs. Ely was but 30 years of age at the time of her disease.

GOOD RIDDANCE.

Thos. Brines, an inspector in the custom house, and a well known politician of the first ward, was killed Monday night by James Falby, in the latter's saloon, south-west corner of Sixth and Dickinson streets. Brines has always been of a quarrelsome disposition when under the influence of liquor.

Recently he has been disappointed about the result of the primary elections and has been drinking more than usual. He was intoxicated, and in company with his nephew, a youth named Chas. Graham, went to the house of Lieutenant Everly, of the second police district.

Lieut. Everly came to the door, when Brines first abused and then struck him, at the same time drawing a revolver on the lieutenant. Young Graham tried to get Brines away but could not. Everly went into the house and his wife came to the door, when Brines struck her and then left.

Brines then went to Falby's hotel, corner of Sixth and Dickinson, where he commenced to quarrel in the bar-room with Mr. Falby, threatening to shoot him. Mr. Falby tried to get away into his dining-room; there he was followed by Brines, who fired three loads of the revolver at him.

Neither shot took effect, and Falby went into the yard, Brines passing out of a side door to head him off. Finding that Falby would not go into the street through the yard gate, Brines came back into the hotel where he saw Falby again, and was about to fire a fourth shot when Falby raised a gun discharging a load into Brine's neck, killing him almost instantly.

Mr. Falby gave himself up to the police. It is the concurrent testimony of those who witnessed the affair, that Falby acted in self-defence. He stated himself, that he had no design on the life of Brines. Falby is one of the best known citizens of the south-eastern part of the city. He is the last man to be quarrelsome with any one, and his place has always been noted for its quietness and the good order that prevailed in it.

How the customs department is to get along without Brines is a problem that just 63 gentlemen are desirous of solving.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Of the 353 persons who died in this city during last week, 84 died of disease affecting the lungs. As this is about a fair average of deaths per week from this disease one can readily understand why pulmonic fleecem, cherry pectoral cheatem, expectorant greecem and tar syrup squeezem can build marble mansions to live in, granite stores to sell in, and die leaving millions of dollars to their children to squabble over.

In almost every one of the 31 wards of this city, independent nominations have been made for City Councils. In the strong Republican wards, where the old ring members have been renominated, citizens of all parties have united in putting up honest men, and in several instances the Democratic candidates, already placed in nomination, have withdrew in favor of the citizens' candidates. The Centennial year opens with a healthful aspect for over-burthened tax-ridden citizens.

Our wholesale merchants have made arrangements to do a far larger business this spring than ever previous. The display of spring goods for the Centennial year surpasses anything of the kind ever seen in this city. Country buyers are coming in earlier than usual and are generally buying much larger stocks than at any time previous, since 1870.

J. W. F.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

HOWARD, JAN. 31, 1876.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

DEAR SIR.—I saw in one of your papers some time ago a notice of the death of Henry Pletcher, of this place. With your permission I will try and give you a little more of the history of his life. According to the record in the old family Bible, he was 86 years, 1 month and 24 days old. He was born Nov. 17, 1789. He has been the father of eleven children, six of whom are still living; one is in the State of Illinois. He has 43 grandchildren and 25 great-grandchildren. Some of his descendants live in the State of Missouri. He has been a faithful, constant member of the church for about sixty years; was one of the early settlers of the Bald Eagle Valley, settling about one and a quarter miles from Howard in an easterly direction. There with his axe he fought with the old primeval forest and cleared a farm, where he lived and died respected by all who knew him. He was a very strong man in his younger days, and well able to face the stern realities of life; but death comes to all the strong and weak alike, and so death came to this weary traveler on life's highway. About four years ago he was stricken with palsy, and from that time to the present has been an invalid, until death released him from all his troubles. Death, under any circumstances, is an event calculated to throw a deep gloom over the bereaved. We cannot follow to the grave our aged friend without sad, heavy hearts. Holy ties have been sundered, and emotions aroused which make us feel that strange grief unknown to all save the stricken mourner. It is true our friend was well advanced in years, and we are consoled by the reflections that he had run his race, and fulfilled the great purpose of his mission; that on account of his long sickness life had lost most of its charms; that he had ceased to derive pleasure from its duties and festivities. It is true also that we were prepared for his departure; that having seen his head silvering from year to year, his constitution wasting slowly away under his fatal disease, his eyes gradually growing dim, we had felt that he must soon leave us. But notwithstanding all this his parting has left our hearts desolate. To know that he is no more, that we shall never see his form among us again; to know that he has forever gone, that his place is vacant, his voice hushed in perpetual silence, and the venerable form upon which we had so often gazed, is mouldering in the dust, makes our spirits sad and our homes lonely. May we so live that when our time shall come to join that immemorable caravan which moves to the bosom of the earth, we may lay ourselves down like this aged christian, peacefully to rest. H. C. H.

LINDEN HALL, PA., Feb. 8, 1876.

MESSRS EDITORS:—Please insert the following in your paper. Report of Rock Hill school, Harris twp., for third month ending February 5th, 1876. Whole number in attendance during month, males 25, females, 18; total, 43; average attendance during month, males 23, females 17; total, 40; per cent. of attendance during month, males 92, females 94; total, 93; per cent. of attendance during term till date, males, 89, females 91; total, 90. Number of pupils in each branch of study: spelling, 41; reading, 34; writing, 41; mental arthmatic, 41; geography, 33; grammar, 10; written arithmetic, 41; drawing, 41; essays and declamations weekly; history, 10; book keeping, 1; familiar science, 2. Instructions are given in vocal music from 8:30 to 9 o'clock each morning. Alfred and Calvin Wieland, George Page, John Huss, Harvey Houltz, George and Ruben Tresler, W. H. Johnson, William Coble, Martha and Ida Tresler, Tammie Mingle, Annie Carper and Lizzie Houty, have received no tardy marks, and were present every day during the month. Number of visitors 10. John T. Ross is the only director that has visited the school during term. The citizens are all interested in the school work. By their aid the school room has been decorated with evergreens, bouquets, mottos, pictures, &c. It has been changed from a dark, bare, gloomy appearance, to a pleasant abode. A. D. WIETS, Teacher.

CURTIN TWP., Feb. 5, 1876.

SCHOOL REPORT.—Report of school No. 2, for the month ending Feb. 3. Whole number enrolled, 49; number of males in attendance, 24; number of females in attendance, 25; average attendance, males 19, and females 20; total average, 39; percentage of attendance, males 74, and females 74; total, 79. Five males and six females did not miss a day during the month.

A. A. PLEICHER, Teacher.

——A monthly report of Eight Square school, Halfmoon township, Centre county, Pa., for the month ending, Februory 1st, 1876. Whole number in attendance, 38; males, 21; females, 17; average attendance of males, 19; females, 15; total percentage of males, 90; of females, 88; total per cent. 87. In spelling from Sanders's union speller, from page 70, to page 91, consisting of about 1809 words, not including words with definitions, from page 70 to 75, those missed are as follows: Sallie Waite, none; Sadie Miller, none; Annie Grey, 1; Vincent Stephens, 1; Lizzie Elenbarger, 2; Woodward Miller, 2; George Stevens, 2; Harry Lytle, 4; Lloyd Stevens, 6; Stephen Welch, 8; Miles Flenbarger, 10; Mary Vaughn 13.

THOMAS W. FISHER, Teacher.

SCHOOL REPORT.—A report of the school at Marengo, Ferguson twp., Centre Co., Pa., for the month ending January 31st. Whole number in attendance during month 49; males 28, females 21; average attendance during month, males 26, females 17; total, 43; per cent. of attendance during month, males 93, females 81; total, 87; per cent. of attendance during term till date, males 82, females 80; total, 81. Eighteen attended every day during month, namely: Gertie Rider, Bertie Rider, Nora J. Love, Ellen Swisher, Della Barto, Mary Robinson, Nancy J. Ellenberger, Stewart Rider, Frank Rider, Henry Ellenberger, Micheal Musser, Edward Musser, Calvin Weston, Nelson Ellenberger, Michael Shannon, David Rider, Walter B. Smith, William H. Richardson. There are three that have not missed a day, namely: Bertie, Gertie and Frank Rider, and four have missed only one day.

COLLINS J. RIDER, Teacher.

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—Are you suffering with consumption, coughs, severe colds settled on the breast, or any disease of the throat and lungs? If so go to your druggists, F. P. Green and J. Zeller & son, and get a bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP. This medicine has lately been introduced from Germany, and is selling on its own merits. The people are going wild over its success, and druggists all over our country writing us of its wonderful cures among their customers. If you wish to try its superior virtue, get a sample bottle for 10 cents. Large size bottle 75 cents. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. eow.

Valuable to Every Home.

We shall do our readers a favor by calling their special attention to the value, the usefulness, and we may say the direct *profit*, of supplying themselves the present year, with one of the cheapest, as well as the most valuable, journals issued in this country. It costs hardly half a cent a day, a sum easily saved, while its practical hints and suggestions will be most likely to bring back that amount many times over. The 500 to 600 beautiful, instructive engravings are alone worth many times the cost of the paper. We refer to the "American Agriculturist," so called because started 35 years ago as a rural journal, but now enlarged and improved to suit the wants of every family in the country, village, and city. It is packed full of good things, useful, reliable, and instructive. Each number contains 44 large (double octavo), pages, beautifully printed. It has much for instructing and pleasing housekeepers and children, and farmers, mechanics, merchants—indeed all classes. Its house plans and improvements, with engraving and particulars as to cost, and the commonsense directions, are worth more than many architectual works. Its constant, persistent, fearless exposure of humbugs and swindling schemes, is of great value to the whole country and to every individual. In short, it is full of good things for everybody, and we advise everybody to take it this year. It will be specially valuable in this Centennial year. Its circulation, which is a hundred fold greater than the majority of other journals, enables the publishers to supply the "American Agriculturist" at the very low rate of $1.60, post-paid, or four copies for $5.40. Take our advice and send for it to the publishers, viz: Messrs. ORANGE JUDD COMPANY, 245 Broadway, New York City.

Integral Culture—Mt. Union College—Its Distinctive Features and Late improvements.

The late Chief Justice Chase, as Trustee, sounded the key-note, "Mt. Union being the best College in the land for Integral Education, should the most freely and widely extend its superior advantages equally to our country's worthy poor or self-dependent." Attendance in departments past year 1,212; different students from first 11,547, of whom 7,874, one-third ladies, have taught public schools. The departments—ancient and modern classical, Philosophic, Scientific, Normal, Commercial, Musical, Fine Art, Preparatory—unsurpassed in modern facilities and competent professors. Apparatus and Museums, worth over a quarter million dollars, best in United States, for objective teaching and applying science. Superior advantages in music, normal training, industrial science; over 2,000 of these commercial students now fill good situations. College property, donated for benefit of students, worth $451,235,-00, enables *any* persons of either sex to obtain thorough integral instruction in *any* studies, and support themselves; income last year $26,540.00, benefitting students; three *regular* terms, (Spring, Summer, Fall,) enable students to *earn* their college expenses by *teaching* winters, without falling behind college classes; call for teachers greater than supply. Spring term begins Feb. 29, '76; summer term begins May 16, '76. This college, by having erected buildings, *keeps* board about $3.00 per week—club and self-board much less. Term bill but a trifle; no extra charges for tuition or incidentals; students enter *any time* in term at proportional rates. For catalogues, address Pres. O. N. Hartshorn, LL D., Alliance, or Mt. Union, O. Location healthy, moral, accessible,—15 minutes by omnibus from Union Depot, Alliance, Stark Co., O., the junction of Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago, and Cleveland & Wheeling Railroads. If patronage increases, another excellent building will be added this season.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

We have received from Dick & Fitzgerald two neat little volumes—one entitled "Holme's very little Dialogues for very little Folks,"—must be very interesting to the children. It contains forty-seven new and original dialogues and it is a book that fills a nitch in the temple of child literature that has long been vacant. To all little boys and girls who want to speak a piece this little work is just suited—short, easy dialogues, made up of short easy poetry, almost entirely in words of one syllable, and on subjects that their little minds can readily understand. The other is a work of a different kind, intended for children of a little larger growth, and entitled "Art and Etiquette of Making Love," a manual of love, courtship and matrimony, including a complete system of love telegraphy and handkerchief flirtation. Address Dick & Fitzgerald, No. 18 Ann street, New York. P. O Box 2975.

THE DOMESTIC MONTHLY.—The February number of this excellent and well-known magazine will commend itself for abundance of useful information it provides concerning the usual topics of Fashion. It opens with a comprehensive review on the prevailing novelties in the domain of Fashion, succeeding which follow instructive essays on Combination Costumes, new styles in Ladies' and Children's Costumes, Household Linen, etc., Seasonable Fabrics, Trimmings, Black Silks, Millinery Lingerie, Fancy and Needle Work, etc. The number is finely illustrated, and is accompanied with a very handsome colored plate, representing a stylish and attractive reception toilette.

The literary matter of this magazine is always fresh, excellent and high-toned. The present number contains a number of very fine poems; the concluding part of a novelette, entitled, A Mother-in-Law; a very entertaining sketch called Mrs. B.'s Purchase; and an exceedingly able article on Connoisseurs, which should be carefully and thoughtfully read by everybody. The usual interesting Miscellany, Small Talk, Art and Literary Notes, Mosaics, etc., complete a very valuable and attractive number.

The DOMESTIC MONTHLY is published by Blake & Company, 849 Broadway, New York, at $1 50 per year.

LYME.—Lyme itself is the namesake of Lyme-Regis, on the south coast of England, which, with its geographical peculiarities, its history, traditions, and romances, has been so graphically described by Mr. Conway in his "South Coast Saunterings." It covers seven or eight square miles of territory, bounded on the West by the Connecticut River, and on the South by the Sound. It was settled over two centuries ago (in 1666) by an active, sensible, resolute and blue-blooded people, who gave it a moral intellectual character which it has never outgrown. Its climate is one of perfect health, and its people live to a great age. The salty, bracing atmosphere tends toward the increase of mental vigor as well as length of years; hence the results which we are about to chronicle. It is a town which has kept peace with the times. It has been near enough the metropolis to partake of its literary culture and many side opportunities, and sufficiently remote to escape its dissipating wastes, and it has always maintained a self-respecting inner life. It is exceptionally rich in family reminiscence, occupies, in a certain sense, historic ground, and possesses elements of national interest. Lyme-Regis is said to have been famous for its physicians. Lyme is, or ought to be, famous for its lawyers, as it has produced more than any other town of its size on this continent, or any other continent, and not only lawyers, "whose trade it is to question every thing, yield nothing and talk by the hour," but eminent judges, senators and governors, its latest and grandest achievement being a Chief-Justice of the United States.—Martha J. Lamb, in *Harper's Magazine for February.*

Dr. Pierce.

"Success is never achieved without merit. A man may make a poor article and sell it at once, and there being 40,-000,000 people in the United States, the sale to each one would be enough to make a decent fortune. But an article that holds the field year after year, and the sales of which increase regularly and rapidly, must have absolute merit.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., occupies our entire eighth page to-day with his various articles. We admit it because we know the Doctor, and know of his articles. We know him to be a regularly educated physician, whose diploma hangs upon the wall of his office, and we know that he has associated with him several of the most eminent practitioners in the country. We know that parties consult him by mail and in person from all the States in the Union every day, and that they are fairly and honestly dealt with.

This grand result has been accomplished by two agencies—good, reliable articles—articles which, when once introduced, work easily their own way—and splendid business management. They have succeeded because they ought to have succeeded."

If you would patronize Medicines, scientifically prepared by a skilled Physician and Chemist, use Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines. Golden Medical Discovery is nutritious, tonic, alterative, and blood-cleansing, and an unequaled cough remedy; Pleasant Purgative Pellets, scarcely larger than mustard seeds, constitute an agreeable and reliable physic; Favorite Prescription, a remedy for debilitated females; Extract of Smart-Weed, a magical remedy for pain, bowel complaints, and an unequaled liniment for both human and horse-flesh; while his Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is known the world over as the greatest specific for catarrh and "cold in the head" ever given the public. They are sold by druggists.

20 YEARS A SUFFERER—CURED BY THE GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DR. R. V. PIERCE.

Dear Sir.—Twenty years ago I was shipwrecked on the Atlantic Ocean, and the cold and exposure caused a large abscess to form on each leg, which kept continually discharging. I was attended by doctors in Liverpool, Havre, New Orleans, New York, and at the hospital on Staten Island (where the doctors wanted to take one leg off). Finally, after spending hundreds of dollars, I was persuaded to try your "Golden Medical Discovery," and now, in less than three months after taking the first bottle, I am thankful to say I am completely cured, and for the first time in ten years can put my left heel to the ground. I am at home nearly every evening and shall be glad to satisfy any of the truth of this information. I am, sir, yours respectfully,

WILLIAM RYDER,
87 Jefferson St., Buffalo, N. Y.

——Best 5 cent cigars at Green's.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Feb. 9, 1876.

Trade moves sluggishly. The only active competition that we hear of is in Snow Shoe. It is a one-sided affair in our town—those who advertise do all the business.

WHEAT—The wheat market is very tame and quiet. The demand for wheat is very limited, owing to Eastern advices being rather unfavorable. Buyers are becoming more particular as to quality. The Lancaster, Shoemaker and Foltz have the preference. In extreme cold weather the millers object to Foltz on account of it grinding flinty. In consequence of the mild weather this winter it stands "A No. 1." There is some white wheat raised in the county which does not give satisfaction—perhaps the Blue Sheaf—which millers say looks well, but does not make yield, owing to the large number of small, partly shriveled grains in it. Farmers ought to keep a sharp look-out for good seed, when they sow, and keep the quality up to the standard, as Centre county has stood high in the wheat market for many years, and much depends upon her farmers that the quality of wheat shall not fall below her time-honored reputation.

CORN—The demand for corn is limited, but the offerings of shelled are light. There seems to be more of a desire to sell cob-corn than shelled, although it is conceded by most farmers that seventy pounds of cob-corn will make more than fifty-six pounds of shelled, or that the gain will pay more of a difference than the cost of shelling. This being the case it is a query why they prefer to sell on the cob, especially in these dull times, when everybody is disposed to make a penny wherever they can.

OATS—There is some oats offering, but the price varies from 35 to 40 cents as the buyer and seller agree upon.

HAY—Hay is in abundant supply, and the offerings are liberal. Prices range from $18 to $20 per ton, but there is very little changing hands at the latter figures.

STRAW—Short straw is quite scarce, and some is wanted for stable use at about eight dollars per ton.

CORN FODDER—This is quite an item of corn feed this winter. Prices have a wide range and run from five dollars to fifteen dollars per load.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 10
Red wheat	1 15
Rye per bushel	80
Corn, ears (new)	40@45
Corn, shelled (old)	60
Oats	35
Flour, retail per barrel	6.50@7.00
Flour, wholesale	6.00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay choice timothy per ton	$20 00
Hay Mixed per ton	15.00@18 00
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6.00@8 00
Clover seed	7 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by S. A. Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per pound	10
Apples, per bush	75
Cherries, dried, per pound	7
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter per pound	30
Chickens, per piece	20
Turkeys, per pound	16
Cheese, per pound	20
Hams, per pound	20
Bacon	14½ & 15
Lard, per pound	11
Eggs, per doz	25
Tallow, per pound	7
Potatoes, per bush—new	50
Dried Beef	26
Beef by the side	7
Cod Fish, boneless	12
Canned Tomatoes, per can	20
Oranges, per doz	1 00
Lemons, per doz	1 00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

$23 SUITS! $25 SUITS!

OVERCOATS, $16.50 & $18.

PANTALOONS, $6.00.

The great "mark down" for the

CENTENNIAL YEAR!

We are prepared to take orders for CLOTHING—full suits for $23 and $25, of genuine all-wool fabrics, well made, well-trimmed, and guaranteed to fit, or no sale.

Spring Overcoats, $16.50 & $18.

PANTALOONS, $6.00.

We are now having made a full assortment of the best woolen goods at the above very low prices, and are ready to take your measure for a complete outfit at the same prices. These goods we have the full control of for this market, and are specially adapted to fine custom trade. The largest, fullest and most complete assortment of

HATS & SHIRTS

in the county. The best Wamsutta shirt, 3-ply linen bosom, and the "King of Shirts," $1 50 each. Hats and Shirts as low as $1 00.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

[Successors to John Montgomery.]

NO. 7 BROCKERHOFF ROW.

☞ Everybody is invited to inspect our stock. v8n4-1y

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APplication will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, to pass a law, repealing the law approved the 10th day of April, A. D. 1867, entitled "An Act Relative to the Fees of Notaries Public in the counties of Centre and Lycoming, increasing the fees thereof fifty per centum," so far as the said law relates to the county of Centre.

v8n5-4t GEORGE GROSS.

REDUCED TO A CERTAINTY.

Chance to Gain

$100,000

$100,000

Without risk. Send for circular at once. No time to lose. ALLEN & CO.,
8-6-4t 79 Nassau street, New York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APplication will be made to the next Legislature for a passage of a law requiring the payment of a local license by persons peddling buggies, sleighs, &c., within the county of Centre.

S. A. McQUISTION.
v3n4-4t O. P. KREAMER & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Elizabeth Stone, deceased, late of Indiana county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN G. LOVE,
Bellefonte, Centre Co., Pa. Administrator.
8-5-6t.

Wanted--Situations.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding four lines, will be inserted until March FREE. All persons out of employment are invited to give it a trial.

WANTED—A PRACTICAL ROOFER and Tinner desires a situation. Can give the best of references. Will go anywhere. Address TINNER, this office.

SADDLER—R. H. CROSSWHAIT WOULD like to work at his trade, or will do any other kind of work offered. Residence—Bush's Row, near car works.

TEAMSTER—GEORGE WALKER DEsires a situation as teamster, or will do any other kind of honest work.

MOULDER AND BAKER—SAMUEL RINE desires work at his trades, or will do any other jobs that may be offered, at short notice.

LABORER—SIMEON HAUPT WILL work at any kind of labor.

CABINET-MAKER—JAMES N. SHOPE will do carpenter work, turning or cabinet work.

WOOD CHOPPER OR RAIL-FENCE Maker—Martimon Holobaugh will chop wood, make rail-fence, or do labor of any kind.

TEAMSTER OR LABORER—ISRAEL FREES, Coleville, near Bellefonte, will do any kind of work, or drive team at short notice.

LABORER—JOHN HACKENBURY, RESidence, Bush's Row, will do any kind of work at short notice.

LABORER—JOHN WIAN WILL DO ANY kind of labor by the day or week.

LABORER—A. B. STEEL WILL DO ANY kind of labor.

WOOD-CHOPPER—SAMUEL GEORGE GUINES would like to work at chopping wood.

TEAMSTER—JACK JOHNSON DESIRES work as teamster.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

are the best the world produces. They are planted by a million people in America, and the result is beautiful flowers and splendid Vegetables. A Priced Catalogue sent free to all who inclose the postage—a 2 cent stamp.

Vick's Floral Guide, Quarterly, 25 cents a year.

Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, 65 cents; with cloth covers, 65 cents.

Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

"9999." MONEY FOR ALL. Only two Dimes. "It is always darkest before day." To any reader who will send 20 cents to us we will send one box of 9999 which we guarantee will put you in the way to make $200 a month, and not take half your time. Suitable for men or women, boys or girls, and is entirely new. Thousands can now secure paying business, and constant income. This is the "chance of a lifetime," and if you will not embrace it tell your friends, for it is A FORTUNE for some worthy deserving person who needs a helping hand. Not a recipe, jewelry, or other humbug, but a SAFE and SURE guaranteed business opportunity. Sample box, circulars, &c., &c., are sent at cost, 20 cents, only to introduce it; none free, and none need reply unless they want to make $2000 a year clear. Hundreds are making that, and 20 cents and "9999" will show you "how 'tis done." Address, HUNTER & CO., Hinsdale, N. H.

§ DOWN WITH HARD TIMES §

SAVE MONEY, and to do it, buy money's worth. The great N. E. Dollar Sale, 53 Broomfield street, Boston, Mass., since 1873, has sold goods to 125,000 patrons. It offers every variety of Dry, Fancy and Staple Goods, Groceries, Books, Cutlery, Glassware, &c., &c., at about half price, and sells everything at only one dollar.

First Hands. It buys from manufacturers and first hands, and can sell for $1 what country dealers ask $2 to $3 for. This is no humbug, no "tickets" or lottery. See our circulars, and see the thousands of articles offered at only $1. We are endorsed by the best papers of Boston, and by 200,000 patrons. See our circulars.

We Can and will sell you goods at less than any other house. We send by mail or express C. O. D., and let you see goods before buying. We want agents everywhere. No risk, no capital required.

ONE CENT buys a postal card. Send one for all our papers, circulars and lists. We can and do sell $2 articles $2 books, &c., all for a single dollar. Beautiful Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Sets, Pipes, Violins, Guitars, Castors, in fact 2000 articles all at one dollar. Send now and save money. You can do it, please try. Address all orders to H. ORMISTON & CO., N. E. DOLLAR SALE, 33 Broomfield street, Boston, Mass.

v8n2eow

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF William Everhart, dec'd. Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, upon the estate of William Everhart, deceased, late of College Twp., Centre county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate, are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement,

WILLIAM EVERHART,
JAMES EVERHART,
Executors.
Boalsburg, Feb. 1st, 1876. 8-5-6t*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—ESTATE OF Jacob Bechdel. Letters testamentary upon the estate of Jacob Bechdel, late of Liberty township, Centre county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN BECHDEL,
DANIEL BECHDEL, } Executors.
Blanchard, Jan. 28, 1879 8-5-6t*

Special Notice!

The persons named below are requested to come forward

WITHIN 30 DAYS,

and claim and pay for their GUNS, &c., which have been in my possession from one to two years, or I will be compelled to sell the same according to law, to pay for the repairs.

THEODORE DESCHNER,
Gunsmith.

John Mesmer. Geo. W. Young.
Joseph Smith. —— Glenn.
—— Jones.
v3n5-3t

New Advertisements.

COLLECTOR'S SALE

BLANKS.

75 cts per hundred 12 cts per dozen.

☞Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

SOLD ONLY by SUBSCIPTION

APPLETON'S

AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA.

Revised Edition.

ENTIRELY RE-WRITTEN BY THE

ABLEST WRITERS,

ON EVERY SUBJECT.

FULLY ILLUSTRATED.

H. K. FOSTER,

Sole agent for Centre County.
No. 10½ 6th St., Pittsburg, Pa.
Specimen papers sent free on application.
v7n47tf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.— ESTATE OF John Hasson, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the estate of John Hasson, deceased, of Harris township, Centre county, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM P. HASSON,
WILSON W. LEECH,
Executors.

Boalsburg, January 12, 1876. v8n2-6t*

FOR FLORIDA.

FOR THROUGH PASSAGE TICKETS to ST. AUGUSTINE and all landings on ST. JOHN'S RIVER, and interior points in FLORIDA, by steamship to SAVANNAH, and thence by railroad or steamboat,

Apply to WM. L. JAMES, General Agent, Philadelphia and Southern Mail S. S. Co 436 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

E. F. KUNKLE'S

BITTER WINE OF IRON

gives tone to the stomach, improves the appetite, and assists digestion; excites the bowels to healthy action, expelling all the foul humors that contaminate the blood, corrupt the secretions and offend the breath. It excites the liver to a healthy action and strengthens the nerves, imparting that glow to life that proceeds alone from perfect health. Thousands in all walks of life testify to the virtues of this excellent medicine, in correcting the derangements of the digestive organs. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Ask for E. F. KUNKLE'S BITTER WINE OF IRON, and take no other.

DYSPEPSIA! DYSPEPSIA!

E. F. KUNKLE'S BITTER WINE OF IRON, a sure cure for this disease. It has been prescribed for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success. Symptoms are loss of appetite, wind and rising of food, dryness in mouth, headache, dizziness sleeplessness and low spirits. Get the genuine Not sold in bulk, only $1 bottles.

Do you want something to strengthen you, or a good appetite? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy, sleep well or be cured of dyspepsia, kidney or liver disease? Try E. F. KUNKLE'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. Every bottle guaranteed to do as represented. Sold only in $1 bottles. Depot and office, 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Get the genuine. Sold by all druggists Ask for E. F. Kunkle's, and take no other.

TAPE WORM

removed alive with head complete in from two to three hours. No fee till removed by E. F. Kunkle, 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms also removed. Call and see: advice free, or send for circulars. Ask your druggist for KUNKLE'S WORM SYRUP. Price $1 per bottle.

DR. J. B. LAIRD, OF MILESBURG, A graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, having had an experience of over twenty years in civil and military practice, offers his professional services to the public.

☞ Female Complaints and Chronic Diseases made a specialty. v8n1-1y

EXECUTOR' NOTICE.—WHEREAS, LETters testamentary to the estate of Thomas Huston, late of [The Junction] Walker township, Centre county, deceased, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, will make known the same without delay to

JAMES HUSTON,
JAS. P. COBURN,
Executors.

Aaronsburg, Jan. 17, 76. v8n4-6t

STRAYED.—CAME TO THE RESIDENCE of the subscriber in Halfmoon township, about the last of September, 1875, a red heifer, some white spots on lower jaw, about eighteen months old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

HENRY IDDINGS,

Loveville, Jan. 9, 76. v8n4-3t*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. — Estate of Daniel Shank, late of Milesburg, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said estate will please present them properly for payment, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to the said estate will make payment to the undersigned at Milesburg.

ROBT. L. SHIRK,
EZEKIEL BING,
Administrators.

v8n1-6t

LAST NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS KNOWING THEMSELVES indebted to me for costs on my civil or criminal dockets, or for taking depositions, &c are hereby notified that all such accounts must be paid before the 1st day of February, 1876, or they will be put in the hands of an officer for immediate collection.

S. M. IRWIN,
Late Justice of the Peace.

Bellefonte, Jan. 24, '76. 8-4-4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROCLAMATION

We desire all consumers of Goods in our Line to know that we have declared

WAR

On High Prices, and shall continue to

ASSAULT

All goods sold at Big Profits, until we shall have

DEFEATED

All competition, and proven to

THOUSANDS

Of our customers that they can buy of us

THE MOST,

THE BEST,

AND THE CHEAPEST

GOODS FOR THE MONEY

S. & A. LOEB.

vol7-48 [Successors to LOEB, MAY & LOEB.]

New Advertisements.

IMPORTANT!

Watches, Jewelry, Bronzes.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The partnership existing under the firm name of John Stevenson's Sons will expire by limitation, May 1, 1876. For the purpose of reducing our stock to the lowest possible point by that time, we have determined to offer our goods at greatly reduced prices. Persons contemplating the purchase of articles in our line will find it greatly to their advantage to call upon us.

Respectfully,

JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS,
93 Market Street, Pittsburgh.

SILVER-PLATED WARE.

v8n5-4t

WILLIAM WILLIAMS,

MARBLE MANUFACTURER,

HIGH STREET, 27-6m BELLEFONTE, PA.

HARPER BROTHERS

SPRING STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

DEALERS IN

ENGLISH

—AND—

West India Goods

FLOUR & GRAIN,

Have just received a Large and Well-selected Stock of

Dry Goods

AND

GROCERIES

which they are selling at

PANIC PRICES

Always glad to show their goods whether you buy or not.

CALL AND SEE

vol7no43ly

Lumber etc.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,

OAK

HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for

SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.

W. M. HOLMES,

Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co Pa. 3-47

NEW SONGS BY THE **Author of** *Little Old Cabin in the Lane, Mollie Darling, Write Me a Letter from Home, Norah O' Neal, Driven from Home, Shamus O'Brien, We Parted by the River-side, My Southern Sunny Home Etc Etc*

NEW MUSIC.

Beesmark. Dutch Song	40
Tie Crape on the Door—Willie's Dead. Song and Cho.	35
Footsteps on the Stair. Song and Cho.	35
Down Yonder, in the Lane. Song and Cho.	35
Don't Forget me, Hannah. Song and Cho.	35
One Hundred Years Ago. Centennial Song and Cho.	35
Flirting on the Lake	35
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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

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Agricultural.

Paragraphs for the Farmer.

If the heat which a human being gives off in twenty-four hours could, consistently with life, be retained within the body, its temperature would, at the end of that time, have reached 185 deg. Far., a temperature above the point of coagulation of albumen, and high enough to cook the tissues.

Dr. Glenn, of California, is credited by the Sacramento "Record-Union," with having a crop of 8,000 tons—266,666 bushels of wheat, which he is now engaged in shipping. The crop is expected to realize $320,000 in San Francisco, and to net the doctor the neat sum of $280,000, after paying freights.

The *Turf, Field and Farm* vouches for a hairless horse recently caught running wild in McLean county, Kentucky. In color he is a beautiful glossy black, and has the appearance of being cast from India rubber; the skin is smooth and clean and any lady can rub him without soiling the finest kid glove.

The executive committee of the Michigan Agricultural Society are reported to have declared that trials of speed at their annual fairs could not be attempted without bringing in all the objectionable features of gambling incident to regular horse trots, and have decided to abolish it accordingly.

The Omaha *Herald* tells of a farmer named Jones, who had forty seven head of fine horses stolen from him by the Indians, near Sydney, recently. He has been cleaned out several times before by the Indians, and as his stock was of the best blooded stock of Kentucky, and his all, the loss is a hard one.

Montgomery Queen has purchased one hundred African ostriches, and is about colonizing them on his place near Haywoods, a small town fifteen miles from San Francisco. It is Mr. Queen's intention to raise ostriches solely for their plumage, each bird yielding over $200 worth of feathers yearly. He has invested $100,000 in the enterprise.—[Denver News.

Of a number of varieties of onions tested in the experimental grounds of Chiswick the past summer—"over one hundred assumed kinds," as a London paper says—it is found that there are only about a dozen really distinct, the most prominent being the White Spanish, Globe, Queen, Silverskin, Danvers Yellow, Blood Red, White and Brown Tripoli, and a few others.

Gen. Colquitt, of Georgia, in a recent address, said to remove stumps from a field, all that is necessary is to have one or more sheet iron chimneys some four or five feet high. Set fire to the stump, and place the chimney over it so as to get the requisite draft at the bottom. It will draw like a stove. The stump will soon be consumed. With several such chimneys, of different sizes, the removal of the stumps may be accomplished at merely normal labor and expense.

The Boston "Journal of Chemistry" regrets that the millers use all their finest, soundest wheat for fine flour, and the poorest for Graham or brown bread, a general name given to mixtures of bran and spoiled flour. What we need is good, sweet, whole wheat flour, finely ground, and put up securely for family use, and any Western miller, who will give his earnest attention to furnishing such flour will realize a fortune speedily—securing the most nutritive principles the Creator has stored for man's food.

The wholesale slaughter of deer is attracting the attention of the northern towns to such a degree that citizens are circulating petitions to be sent to the Legislature to have an act passed to prevent their entire destruction. This move is in the right direction, and the object of these petitions will meet with very general approbation from all parts of the State. The ruthless destruction of American game, if allowed to continue at the present rate, will soon deplete our forests, and any laws enacted for its preservation, will be likely to receive public approval.

Women generally stick to what they say. We knew a girl who said she would't marry the best man living. And she did't. He was far from it.

Household Receipts.

CITRON PUDDING.—Beat three eggs with two spoonfuls of flour; add half a pint of boiling milk and a quarter of citron, cut small. Put it in buttered cups, bake in quick oven. When done, turn them out into a large dish.

HINTS.—If bake-tins are buttered and then well dusted with flour it will prevent bread and all kinds of cake from sticking. Throw a few handfuls of salt on your fire when your chimney burns out, if in a dry time. It will deaden it down and prevent danger.

SILVER PIE.—To one large potato, peeled and grated, add the juice and rind of a lemon to the white of an egg, well beaten, and one cup of sugar and one cup of water; beat all well together, and bake in a dish, with a crust. When done, beat the whites of three eggs with half a cup of fine sugar, and pour it over the top; then set it in the oven to brown.

TAFFY.—To make taffy candy, take one pound of sugar, a half pound of butter and four tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Boil the ingredients until a little of the mixture, dropped into a cup of cold water, will settle and harden. A small nutmeg, grated and added, produces the delicious compound known as the "Everton taffy."—[Domestic Magazine.

LOVE CAKES.—To one pound of powdered sugar, and six well beaten eggs, put as much flour as will make a stiff paste; flavor with essence of lemon. Roll it about half an inch thick, and with a tin cutter the size of the top of a wine glass, cut it in cakes. Strew some sugar and flour over a baking-tin, and lay the cakes on it. Bake them in a quick oven for ten or twelve minutes; when cold, ice the top with plain white frosting, and set them in a warm place to dry; finish by putting a bit of jelly, the size of a large nutmeg, in the centre of each. The edge may be finished with ornamental frosting.

Receipt for Croup.

Take a piece of flannel large enough to cover the throat and lungs well, grease it with fresh lard and wet it with camphor, then warm it and apply. This will relieve the hoarse breathing in a few moments. All this will not be necessary if the case is taken in season; but instead use the prescription which I shall give, which can be done quickly and without exposing the child to a draft of air. Take of honey one tablespoonful, pulverized alum one-half tea-spoonful, saleratus one and one-half tea-spoonfuls, and one half the white of an egg. Beat all to a cream, and give one-fourth tea-spoonful. This will be enough to give relief if taken as soon as the first symptoms of croup appear, which is a hoarse cough, the horror of which can be realized only by those who have heard it, and have watched night after night with a child sick with croup. If it has become necessary to vomit the child, give one tea-spoonful, and if the case is a stubborn one, repeat the dose in half an hour, and use the flannel as above described, and you will be happily surprised at the result. I wish every mother would try this if occasion ever makes it necessary.—[Maine Farmer.

A full bearded grandfather recently shaved, showing a clean face for the first time in many years. At the dinner table his little grand-daughter noticed it, gazed with wondering eyes, and finally ejaculated, "grandfather, whose head you got on?"

Three Pennsylvania girls, who started West a month ago with the intention of adding to Brigham Young's stock of wives, all got married to railroad conductors before they reached Omaha. Fifty thousand Massachusetts spinsters are earnestly wanting to know what lines they traveled.

"I do not miss my church half so much as you suppose, for I make Betsy sit at the window as soon as the bells begin to chime, and tell me who are going to church, and whether they have got anything new on," said a lady to a minister, who had called on her during her illness.

Two young city ladies, in the country, were standing by the side of a wide ditch, which they did't know how to cross. They appealed to a boy, who was coming along the road, for help, whereupon he pointed behind them with a startled air, and yelled, "snakes!" The young ladies crossed the ditch at a single bound.

Review of Fashions.

An irrepressible desire for novelty is never more conspicuous than during the closing weeks of a fashion period, when inquirers are again and again assured that there is nothing new within the reach of any one. The demand refuses to be quieted with any acknowledged shortness of supplies, and the close of the season thus becomes notable for the remarkable amount of experimenting, which distinguishes it. Extremes are as common as at the opening of a new period, although these consist either of novel dispositions of garnitures, or the conspicuous effects which are always produced by intensifying fashions already in vogue. The revival of the polonaise, alluded to in a previous number, has now become absolute, securing as great a degree of popularity as was given to this excellent style upon its first introduction. Lingering weeks of winter exhibit polonaises of black velvet, marked by an elegant simplicity as to garniture, the ordinary model being so extravagantly lengthened in many casese that the one garment becomes a sweeping robe, which is worn without the skirt portion of the toilette. With looping, this Princesse polonaise forms an admirably draped garment, which is worn over a skirt corresponding in its general features. Polonaises of damask silk and woolen suitings, show the peculiarties of a pelisse, in respect to looping or draping effects, while a popular fancy for young ladies is the simulation of a basque for the front, and a plain, slightly-draped back, or contrariwise, a gracefully wrinkled apron front, with a looped back, completed with shirrs, frills, and elaborate sash-ends. Several novelties, introduced for young ladies' evening dresses, are made from the same basque designs which have served all through the season. One, variously called the armor basque, corset-waist and long cuirasse basque, is the familiar model, lengthened to what at first appears to be an extreme depth, at the front, the back being much shorter. No overskirt is worn with such a basque, the desired effect of skirt drapery being provided by certain features of trimming. Low-necked corset-basques of this variety, are made with extra side bodies at the back, thus showing five seams, while the fronts are formed with double darts, the skirt portion of the garment being extended according to individual taste. While such extremes mark basque models for showy toilettes, the greatest possible freedom is permitted for all other varieties. The depth of a basque-skirt is determined by its adaptability of shape to the shape of the figure which it is intended to cover, and the same rule will apply to the collarette, revers, upright collar, or handsomely outlined Pompadour form, which may be seen between the shoulders, both at the back and front.

The only variation in skirts to be set down for the current month is the abandonment of very long trains for evening costumes, and the gathering of moderately long back-breadths into a more positive, fan-like shape. The effect of this comely little bit of drapery is compact in the extreme, the finely-pleated extension being held in the nicest precision by means of elastic ribbons placed at about two-thirds of the distance down upon the breadths. No fresh model is required for the correct representation of such a skirt, the effect being caused by changing the box-pleats of the back-breadths into fine side-pleats, at a proper point, and giving the desired flare and fan-like appearance by lining the extension with crinoline, and securing the width into the required compass by means of elastics. Walking-skirts continue to clear the foot in front, and for a short distance at the sides they are equally short. At the back they touch the ground, and show the pleats of the back-breadth, massed directly at the centre, and quite low. The mistake generally made in draping skirts proper is in placing the elastics which holds the breadths back too high upon the skirt.

Square as well as round apron-fronts prove lasting in their popularity among over-skirt designs, variety as well as novelty being obtained by individual fancies in looping. Frequently, a full over-skirt model is caught up at one side only, while the opposite undraped side is ornamented with a pocket so elaborate as to supply a most showy effect.

Some of the richest toilettes provided for the festival season exhibit the familiar over-skirt design which simulates triple aprons, this style being especially popular because of the opportunity afforded for elaboration. A striking fancy in evening toilettes for young ladies, in their first society season, is the absence of an over-skirt, or even the simulation of one. The single skirt worn is handsomely trimmed around the foot, and is completed with large puffs at the back, after the style of skirts made to be accompanied by a tablier only. The general taste, however, is for over-skirt models which drape handsomely, and upon which the stylish garnitures at present in vogue will be most effectively represented.

Newest suggestions as to sleeves are that special designs accompany special toilettes more positively than they have heretofore. With an evening costume the Marie Antoinette sleeve is covered two-thirds of its distance above the elbow with a garniture that corresponds with other portions of the toilette. At the elbow double flounces of lace are seen, reaching nearly to the wrist. Coat shaped velvet sleeves are left open as far as the elbow frequently, a fluted fall of white lace showing below the opening. Sleeves accompanying basques laced up at the front and back, are laced upon the outside seam, disclosing a narrow puff of silk, velvet, or whatever material may harmonize most suitably with the toilette.—*Domestic Monthly for February.*

—The offensive Geghan law has been repealed by both branches of the Ohio Legislature.

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A TRENCHANT EDITORIAL

on this subject, says: "A worse literature than that which is spread before the children of this country, it would hardly be possible for the mind of a man to conceive or his hand to execute. It is even worse than an open advocacy for vice and intemperence, for that would carry its own antidote, while what we have excites, stimulates and debases the intellect, unfits it for healthy food, fills the imagination with gaudy and distorted pictures of life, and develops the passions at an age when they should be most under control. How much of the low moral tone of society is due to these satanic issues of the press we do not know; but as a river can be nowhere so effectually poisoned as at its source, so we have a right to believe that the millions of these papers, devoured by curious and eager children, must influence to a large extent the tone of thought and the drift of action of those whose plastic minds come under their influence."

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YOUTH, MANHOOD, AND OLD AGE are alike benefitted by them, and a cure may confidently be expected in all cases of Nervous Debility and Depression, Gravelly Deposits, Pains and Irritations, Seminal Weakness, Emissions, Discharges, and other Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, conditions arising from one and the same cause.

These remedies can be used without detection, as they never nauseate the stomach, or interfere with diet, or business pursuits.

Trial boxes, properly secured from observation, will be sent by mail, on receipt of ONE DOLLAR—pamphlet containing full particulars, sent on receipt of stamp. Address,

47-3m JOHN LAMB, P. O Box 3385. N. York

SUI GENERIS.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

UNEQUALED if judged critically, UNAPPROACHED in capacity and excellence by any others. Awarded

THREE HIGHEST MEDALS

AND DIPLOMA OF HONOR AT

VIENNA, 1873; PARIS, 1867.

ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a wide sale there.

ALWAYS awarded highest premiums at Industrial Expositions, **in America as well as Europe.** Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred.

BEST Declared by Eminent Musicians, in both hemispheres, to be **unrivaled.** See TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, with opinions of more than **One Thousand** (sent free).

INSIST on having a Mason & Hamlin. Do not take any other. *Dealers get* LARGER COMMISSIONS *for selling inferior organs, and for this reason often try very hard to sell something else.*

NEW STYLES with most important improvements ever made. **New Solo** and **Combination Stops. Superb Etagere** and other **Cases** of **new designs.**

PIANO-HARP CABINET ORGAN An exquisite combination of these instruments.

EASY PAYMENTS. Organs sold for cash; or for monthly or quarterly payments; or rented until rent pays for the organ.

CATALOGUES and Circulars, with full particulars, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 25 Union Square, NEW YORK; or 80 & 82 Adams St., CHICAGO.

Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,

(Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FLOUR, FEED, &c.,

AND DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN

The highest market price paid for

WHEAT, RYE,

CORN,

OATS, &c

6-39-1y

Fire-arms.

GREAT REDUCTION!

Good Revolvers - $4.50

Single Shot Guns $3 to $12.00

Double Guns $8 to $150.00

Powder, Shot, Cartridges,

BREECH-LOADING & MUZZLE-LOADING

SHOT GUNS & RIFLES

at the lowest possible rates.

FIREARMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY REPAIRED.

SHOP ON HIGH STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THEODORE DESCHNER.

7-3-1y

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PAINTING —AND— Paper Hanging.

ROBERT H. IRWIN

Takes this method to present his claims to public favor. He is prepared to do in a neat, expeditious, and thorough manner, and at prices that defy competition.

House Painting,

GRAINING,

KALSOMINING,

Paper Hanging,

SIGN PAINTING,

AND

FANCY & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, ETC.

Orders left at

IRWIN & SON'S OFFICE,

in Diamond, or at his Shop on Howard Street, will receive prompt attention.

7-15-6m

Wright's Rejuvenating Elixer.

For the restoration of Nature's forces. It gives new life and vigor to the aged, and causes the blood of youth to course through the veins. It effectually cures Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Muscular Power, Low Spirits, Disorganization of the Generative Organs, and all the train of ills that follow in the path of the transgressor of Nature's laws. Price $2 per bottle.

It will be readily understood that in the brief pace afforded by the advertising columns of a public print, it is impossible to give all particulars of the diseases that may be cured by the CHEROKEE MEDICINES. That they are destined to become immensely popular is plainly obvious in consequence of their

GREAT INTRINSIC MERIT.

The pamphlet and circulars that accompany the medicines give all the information which cannot be given here, and the remedies may be had of any respectable druggist.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO.,
Proprietors, New York.

GIVEN AWAY

To every reader of **The Family Journal:**

CENTENNIAL AMERICA

A $10 Tinted Engraving, size 22x28.

Our large and Beautiful Tinted Engraving containing over 200 Historical Views and Portraits of all leading events and personages from the landing of Columbus to the present time, including a magnificent and perfect view of the Centennial Buildings in Fairmount Park at Philadelphia, will be given TO THE READERS OF OUR GREAT LITERARY AND FASHION PAPER, THE WEEKLY FAMILY JOURNAL. Containing Three Splendid Continued Stories, together with short sketches and a large amount of miscellaneous reading. Sent four months on trial, including the Engraving, post-paid for $1.00. ANY NEWS DEALER WILL GIVE YOU A COPY FREE, OR ADDRESS THE FAMILY JOURNAL, 292 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Agents Wanted Everywhere

THE PENN MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated in 1847. Assets, $5,250,000

SAMUEL C. HUEY, President.

The Penn is strictly mutual. Its entire surplus is returned to its members every year, thus giving them insurance at the lowest rates. All of its policies non-forfeitable for their value. Endowment policies issued at life rates.

JAMES H. RANKIN, Agent

7-43 HUMES NEW BLOCK

Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. v6n7-no8-tf

Carriages.

S A. McQUISTION

MANUFACTURER OF

Buggies, Carriages, Wagons Sleighs, &c.,

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO!

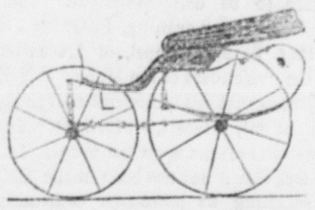
SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT, BELLEFONTE PA. 5-4-1y

REMOVAL.

EDWARD A. BULLOCK & CO,

MILESBURG.

MANUFACTURERS OF



BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES

SPRING WAGONS, SLEIGHS, &c.

AND LUMBER WAGONS

Having rebuilt our factory, lately burned in the great fire at Milesburg, we have removed from Bellefonte, and can now be found at our new place of business near

CENTRAL CITY MILLS.

Thankful to our friends for past favors we solicit a continuance of their patronage at our new establishment.

Repairing Neatly and Carefully Done,

and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our motto is, **As Cheap as the Cheapest and Good as the Best.**

7-23-1y

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,

dealer in

Stoves, Tinware

WOODEN WARE

and all kinds of

KITCHEN FURNITURE

also

COAL OIL

and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.

6-tf

W. WETSLER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS

TIN WARE

MANUFACTURED FROM THE

BEST QUALITY OF TIN,

AND SOLD AS CHEAP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING

a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

5-33-1f

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

McCAFFERTY'S NEW BUILDING, Opposite Depot,

Has just received a large invoice of GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

of the latest styles,

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES

v5-12-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,

ALLEGHENY STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. McCLELLAN.

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES

AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.

5-13—tf

CAR SHOPS.

BELLEFONTE

CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW

PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles,

Sash

Blinds,

Doors,

Mouldings,

Brackets,

Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.

BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.

5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre co., Pa.

NEW MUSIC.

We are indebted to

BALMER & WEBER

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.,

for the following fine selection of Vocal and Instrumental Music:

JENNIE MORROW, a beautiful song and chorus by Geo. W. Persley. Price 35 cents.

THE CROSS IN THE FOREST, by E. N. Becker. With English and German Texts. We would call especial attention to this song as being one of the finest songs for a base voice that we have seen for a long time. Price 50 cents.

AVE VERUM, by Charles Lange. Grand Duo for baritone and base voices. Suitable for offertory or benediction service. No Catholic choir should be without this very effective composition. Price 75 cents.

SPARKLING STREAM, by Estelle Holt. This is another pleasing fantasie of moderate difficulty, which needs but to be heard to be appreciated Price 50 cents,

DINORAH, Waltzes by Strauss. Strauss' waltzes need no commendation. They are too well known, the composer's name is sufficient.

LES DRAGONS DE LA REINE, by Maylath. A fine composition for a good player. Price 50 cents.

THE ORIGINAL LATTERBACH, Scherzandiesimo by T. M. Brown. This is a new and beautiful transcription of the old and well-known theme of Lauterbach, but never have we seen a better or more effective arrangement than this one. Send for a copy by all means and be sure to ask for the original Lauterback by T. M. Brown. Price 50 cents.

"WHILE JAMIE HOLDS ME DEAR," a very effective ballad written in the Scotch style by the popular composer D. C. Addison. Price 35 cents.

EBB TIDE, a beautiful and pathetic solo for alto or baritone voice, by Waldemar Mammene. Price 30 cents.

I WILL NOT FORGET YOU, answer to the "Day when You'll Forget Me." We would call especial attention to this song and chorus, by Thomas P. Westendorf. Price 30 cents.

☞ We would respectfully suggest to our readers and the music loving people that they cannot do better than to send for some of the above compositions, either vocal or instrumental. They are all good and meritorious.

v6n1-4w

Miscellaneous.

BELLEFONTE ACADEMY.

The session re-opens on

MONDAY. JAN. 10, 1876.

YOUNG LADIES

will be received as BOARDERS, in the family apartments of the Principal, under the care and supervision of

Three Competent and Experienced

Lady Instructors. Thorough instruction is given in all the

ELEMENTARY AND HIGHER BRANCHES

OF STUDY.

Charges for Boarding,

with furnished room, pleasantly warmed and lighted with gas, together with washing, will be at the rate of $5 00 per week. For instruction $1 25 per week.

J. P. HUGHES, Principal.

v6n1-tf

NEW FURNITURE STORE!

JOHN BRACHBILL,

Manufacturer and dealer in

FURNITURE

SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

HAS COMPLETED HIS ELEGANT

NEW STORE

And has now on hand the best assortment of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will be found at low prices. v6n10

For Sale at this Office.

BLANK

ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT

BETWEEN SCHOOL BOARD & TEACHER

constantly on hand at this office and for sale at

cts apiece, or 50 cts per dozen.

WE KEEP ON HAND

all kinds of

ES AND LEGAL BLANKS

NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS

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NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS

we sell in any quantity desired. Call at

this office.

LOOK! LOOK!

We have a limited stock of

BILL HEADS

which we will print and sell for

$3 PER THOUSAND,

$2 PER FIVE HUNDRED.

Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.

REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD SECOND HAND

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINE,

VERY CHEAP

Enquire at this office

Foundries.

W. P. DUNCAN,

BELLEFONTE PA.

FOUNDER & MACHINIST

MANUFACTURER OF

Steam Engines,

HOUSTON'S WATER WHEELS.

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

Mill Machinery.

v6n46-1y.

New Advertisements.

CALIFORNIA.

The Chicago and North-Western

Railway embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the WEST and NORTH-WEST, and with its numerous branches and connections forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, California and the Western Territories. Its

Omaha and California Line

is the shortest and best route for all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia. Its

Chicago, Madison and St. Paul

line is the short line for Northern Wisconsin, and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the great North-west. Its

Winona and St. Peter Line

is the only route for Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in Southern and Central Minnesota. Its

Green Bay and Marquette

line is the only line for Janesville, Watertown, Fond Du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake Superior Country. Its

Freeport and Dubuque Line

is the only route for Elgin, Rockford, Freeport and all points via Freeport. Its

Chicago and Milwaukee Line

is the old Lake Shore route, and is the only one passing through Evanston, Lake Forest, Highland Park, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha, to Milwaukee.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

are run on all through trains of this road.

This is the ONLY LINE running these cars between Chicago and St. Paul, Chicago and Milwaukee, or Chicago and Winona.

At Omaha our Sleepers connect with the Overland Sleepers on the Union Pacific Railroad for all points west of the Missouri river.

On the arrival of the trains from the East or South, the trains of the Chicago and North-western Railway LEAVE CHICAGO as follows:

For Council Bluffs, Omaha and California, Two Through Trains daily, with Pullman Palace Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars through to Council Bluffs.

For St. Paul and Minneapolis, Two Through Trains daily, with Pullman Palace Cars attached on both trains.

For Green Bay and Lake Superior, Two Trains daily, with Pullman Palace Cars attached, and running through to Marquette.

For Milwaukee, Four Through Trains daily, Pullman Cars on Night trains, Parlor Chair Cars on day trains.

For Sparta and Winona, and points in Minnesota, One Through Train daily, with Pullman Sleepers to Winona.

For Dubuque, via Freeport, Two Through Trains daily, with Pullman Cars on night trains.

For Dubuque and La Crosse, via Clinton, Two Through Trains daily, with Pullman Cars on night train to McGregor, Iowa.

For Sioux City and Yankton, Two Trains daily. Pullman Cars to Missouri Valley Junction.

For Lake Geneva, Four Trains daily.

For Rockford, Sterling, Kenosha, Janesville and other points, you can have from two to ten trains daily.

New York office, No. 415 Broadway; Boston office, No. 6 State street; Omaha office, 253 Farnham street; San Francisco office, 121 Montgomery street; Chicago ticket offices: 62 Clark street, under Sherman House; corner Canal and Madison streets; Kinzie street Depot, corner W. Kinzie and Canal streets; Wells street depot, corner Wells and Kinzie streets.

For rates or information not attainable from your home ticket agents, apply to

MARVIN HUGHITT,
Gen. Sup't, Chicago.

W. H. STENNETT,
Gen Pass. Agent, Chicago. v6n4-1y

Inventors. If you want a Patent send us a model or sketch and a full description of the invention. We will make an examination at the Patent Office, and if we think it patentable will send you papers and advice, and prosecute your case. Our fees will be in ordinary cases, $25. ADVICE FREE.

☞ Send Stamp for "Guide for obtaining Patents," a book of 50 pages.

Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. 5-3-3m

HOMOEOPATHIC FAMILY MEDICINE CASES

and books giving plain and concise directions for their use, are a necessity in every household; for often will a timely dose of medicine stave off a serious dose of sickness.

Messrs. BOERICK & TAFEL, 145 Grand street, New York, will send a catalogue describing the different styles and sizes to any address, on receipt of a stamp. There is the oldest establishment of the kind in America, having been founded in 1835. v6n3-8w

GALBRAITH & WHITE,

PLUMBERS,

GAS & STEAM FITTERS.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done nicely and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

GALBRITH & WHITE,

Bellefonte, Pa.

17-1y

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

The undersigned give notice that they have this day formed a co-partnership in the

Plumbing And Gas Fitting

business, under the firm name of DANIEL DERR & CO., and will be ready at all times to attend to calls in their line, at the shop of Daniel Derr, in Bellefonte. All work will be done at

REASONABLE PRICES

and in a workmanlike manner.

Bellefonte, Pa., November 3, 1875.

DANIEL DERR,
7-45 JOHN W. BARNES.

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and finish sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. All Coffins manufactured to order.

v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
[FURD & CO.] 40 CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 96, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72 I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 241, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

Spring Elections.

We would call the attention of the voters to the fact that it is now less than one week to the time the spring elections are held, they being the third Tuesday of February. It is time we were looking out for the best men to fill our local offices. This matter should receive the attention of the best citizens, in every township. If you want your local offices economically administered, now is the time to attend to it, and not let the election go by default and then growl about the result.

——Never get angry. Men have been known to die in a fit of passion.

——Some of the purest and most sanctified people in Bellefonte, have fallen—on our slippery pavements, during the past week.

——A boarder at one of our hotels observed that "the equal adjustment of the establishment could be more properly secured by having less hair in the hash and more in the mattresses."

——Davy Glenn is determined that the people of Bellefonte shall have all the solidified coolness they may want next summer. He is filling his commodious ice house to its utmost capacity.

——A Milesburg minister, who had had his hat stolen, observed from the pulpit last Sunday: "Bashfulness, dearly beloved, does not break out in this community as much as the small-pox."

——It is said that lightning never strikes twice in a place, yet there are some of the unterrified journals who profess to believe that Grant thinks he knows a place where it is going to strike three times.

——Where, O where, are the great temperance reformers who, last fall, were so anxious about the condition of the poor drunkards? Have they heard of the Centennial club yet? Send the news to Zeigler.

——A fellow accosted Josh in Milesburg the other day, after this manner: "Some say I am an Irishman and some say I am an Englishman; what do you think I am?" "Wa'al, I think you are a thunderin' fool," replied Josh.

——When we come to consider that fifty years ago you could buy four cigars for a cent, and now Andrew Jackson Cruse asks five cents for one, all our enthusiasm about national progress seems to be a very grevious error.

——Next summer we shall be "gorged" with "blasted foreigners" visiting the Centennial, with an eye to business. Well, let them come; guess we can show them a thing or two and not try very hard. That is the kind of fellows we are hair-pins.

——The members of the Nazareth church near Houserville, this county, will hold a festival on the evening of the 11th, and afternoon and evening of the 12th, of this month. The proceeds to be devoted to the benefit of the church. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend.

——Valentines & Co. are driving their iron works to their full capacity, and sell the production as fast as they make it at fair prices. The surplus of charcoal blooms seems to be consumed, which is very good evidence that every thing was overdone, which brought on and keeps the effects of the panic in existence.

——The suit of the Russell Reaper Company, vs. Geo. Reber, last week, excited a good deal of interest. John L. Rockey, of Spring township, and John Musser, of Patton township, made a good deal of sport during their examination, and Messrs. Kemport and Rohn, gave some valuable information as to the operation of Reapers.

——Josh says that a young lady in Milesburg received a proposal a few evenings ago which put her in such a flutter that she turned over a lighted kerosene lamp which fell to the floor. Immediately there was confusion, and it required the united screams of all the women in the house, and the lover's coat, to extinguish the flames. That girl ought to be proposed to in broad daylight, in the middle of a ten-acre lot.

LYING.—This evil is becoming quite prevalent, and we are sorry to say we have known men, even in Bellefonte, to sometimes tell a lie. Some lie for profit—to gain something; some lie to conceal, or cover up some previous crime. Then there is fashionable lying as, when a man meets you he says, "this is a fine day," and you say, "yes," when you have been mentally calling it a very bad day on account of the mud and slush. Or, he says, "I am glad to see you," when at the same time he would not care if you were in Hades enjoying the "higher life." Then there is lying by actions as, when you are accused of writing an article for the paper, you do not deny it, and thererfore, by your actions, allow the impression to gain credence that you did write it. There are also a thousand other ways of lying in which a truthful man, like ourselves, know nothing about. But perhaps the most common mode of lying is by telling extravagant tales just for the pleasure of hearing ones self talk, and to see others drink in the wonderful story with eyes and mouth wide open. Good men, and true, will sometimes lie in this way, and enjoy, with infinite relish, the gusto with which the unsophisticated listner swallows the improbable tales they tell. We do not want our readers to think we are preaching a sermon by anything we have said in this short article, because we are not that kind of a fellow hair-pins.

We forgot to say in the above that one of the worst kinds of lying we know anything about is lying abed late Sunday morning.

——Boby sent us a communication a few weeks ago, written on both sides of the paper, badly interlined, also appendixes to be inserted here and there through the article. He has worked in a printing office long enough to know better; if he does not, he had better have his brain sand-papered. He need not be surprised if he finds an indignant compositor in the next world turning him over with a retributive pitchfork.

——What-you-may-call-it holds no fury like the disappointed saloon keeper, since the Centennial club has made such inroads upon his profits. A saloon keeper was heard to say a few days ago, that those Centennial boys had ruined his business, and taken the bread out of the mouths of his children. Query: could they not better afford to support his wife and children, than to drink his death-dealing whiskey?

——We are having a slight touch of winter, and as a consequence, the ice men are very busy. Although the ice is not over three inches thick, numberless teams have passed through our streets the past week loaded with this thin ice. It is the first chance there has been this winter to gather ice, and it is the opinion of all, that it would be risky to let it slip, although there is time enough yet to get some very severe weather.

——The present Board of County Auditors, at their late meeting, gave notice to the commissioners that each order, hereafter, must be accompanied with an itemized bill, and any disregard of this request will be a sufficient reason for rufusing to audit any order not so accompanied. The tax payers may thank William McFarland, Esq., for this move in their behalf.

——Our friend Shortlidge keeps fancy breeds of fowls, and takes great interest in their wellfare, but he has never discovered any remedy for the pip. If any of our readers know any remedy for this disease, we wish they would let it be known, for there is no more melancholly object in this world than a hen with the pip.

——A New York paper says: "The best skater in London, is an American; the best skater in Paris, is an American; the best skater in Russia, is an American." When you want to find a man who can fool away more time than his neck is worth, look almost anywhere in America—outside of Centre county we mean, of course.

——One night last week some night prowlers appropriated to themselves clothes, clothes-line and all, which Mr. Sommerville's folks, on Spring street, having no doubt some confidence in the innate goodness of man, had left over night. These fellows might attain a higher degree of perfection and not offend anybody.

——Our readers have, no doubt, often heard the question propounded, in view of the great number of pins that are manufactured every year, Where do they all go to? Josh sat down on one the other day, and he knew very well where it went to, for he put his hand on the place and spoke about it.

——The season has been out of joint. Robins and other birds that usually go South in the fall, have been active musical tenants of our forests, thereby helping to increase our marvel at the mildness of the weather.

——The treasurer of a school board in Clinton county, has stolen four hundred and fifty dollars of the funds set aside for the purpose of teaching the young idea how to shoot. He has not been heard of since.

——Merchants supplied with drugs and medicines at wholesale prices at Grech's Drug Store.

——For coughs and colds use Green's compound syrup of tar, honey and boodroot. It is pleasant, certain and safe.

——A Mrs. Leonard, wife of a bar tender in Lock Haven, committed suicide by drowning herself in the river near by.

——Hon. John B. Linn, Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, called on us last Monday. We did not think to ask him if he was going to write the Centennial history of Centre county, but we know all will agree that it could not be given into more able hands.

NOTICE.—Provided, a sufficient number of students can be attained, Prof. A. Birch, formerly Drafting teacher, in the Lake Shore Seminary, Pa., will give a course in Mechanical and Architectual Drafting. Parties wishing information, or such instruction, can leave their address at the post office, or at the office of the REPUBLICAN. v-8-n-4-3t.

——One of the members of the Centennial club informed us yesterday that, at their last meeting, they took in eleven new members and four more were proposed. They have now over fifty members and these have been recently taken from those of our people that have been adicted to the constant use of "strong drink." The whiskey business is not half as brisk in Bellefonte as it was before this club commenced its labor of love.

——Last Wednesday was ground hog day, and if his hogship did not see his shadow then all we have to say is, he is a blind hog. Assuming that he was not blind, we suppose he has returned to his subterranean abode to sleep for another six weeks. Well, we are agreed; we want a little ice for next summer, and we are afraid Davy Glenn has not had an opportunity, as yet, to lay in a good store, although he assures us that we can count on him, for certain, at our place every morning next summer, at about six o'clock, with his little chunk of refreshing coolness.

——The first lecture before the Bellefonte Library Association will be delivered by Hon. F. W. Phillips, of Cincinnati. Subject, "Flashes of Fun." The lecture committee of the Association have taken great pains in selecting lecturers for this course, and the public can feel that any lecturer brought before the people by them will come with the best possible recommendations. Mr. Phillips is a humorous lecturer and cannot fail to please all who may hear him, both great and small. The lecture will be delivered in Humes' Hall, Thursday evening, February 10th. Tickets of admission 50 cents.

——A man by the name of Dunkle, who lives in the State of Ohio, has taken the Centre Hall *Reporter* for three years and now refuses to pay for it. We tremble for that man when we consider where he will go to when he dies. We fear it will be where

A thousand monsters wait—
Grief weeps, and Vengeance bellows at the gate.
Base Want, low Fear, and Famine's lawless rage,
And pale Disease, and slow, repining Age;
Fierce, formidable fiends the portal keep;
With Pain, Toil, Death, and Deith's half-brother, Sleep.
Where Joys embittered, with Remorse appears;
Daughters of Guilt—where storms destructive War.
Mad Discord there her snaky tresses tear;
Where stretched on iron beds the furies rear,
And close by Terna's hissing monsters stands
Briareus dreadful with a hundred hands;
Where stern Gorgon rages; and all around
Fierce Harpies scream, and direful Gorgons frown.

——Before we issue another REPUBLICAN the people of Pennsylvania will have exercised the right of suffrage in selecting their district and municipal officers to serve in their several capacities for their respective ensuing terms. It is a duty that every tax-payer owes to himself that he should take an interest in the local election, for jobs are frequently set up, because a mere handful of voters attend the primaries who fix up tickets which succeed at the polls. Let every Republican wake up to a lively interest in this matter. Go to the primary meetings, select good men to fill your local offices. Many incompetent Democrats have slipped into office in Republican districts, owing to apathy of Republicans or some trifling difference as to candidates. We urge the Republicans to act as a unit throughout the county, nominate and vote for competent candidates and all will be well.

——The members of the A. M. E. Church, of this place, secured the services of Miss LeCount, a short time ago, to give select readings for the benefit of the church. The entertainment was first-class, and was highly complimented by all who enjoyed it. Miss LeCount is a fine reader, and if she should ever return to Bellefonte, will receive a hearty, cordial welcome from our people. We understand that the church received substantial aid from this enterprise. Money could not be appropriated to a more worthy object than the assistance of this struggling church. The colored people of this place are hardly strong enough to support a church without some assistance. We hope the interest that has been taken in this society by some of our worthy citizens, will not grow luke-warm. Just a small percentage of the money that is spent every year, in this town for missionary work, would keep this society in a flourishing condition, and we should not forget that charity begins at home.

——By reference to the court proceedings, in our last week's issue, it will be seen that John H. and Geo. Wolf, with a small boy, were indicted for "inciting" a riot, or rioting on New Year's day. It appears that these people joined in the chase, with a hundred others, after the colored boys, Delige and Miller,—which was a bit of fun more like an old-fashioned fox chase than anything else,—and pursued the boys to the house of old Tom Miller, (late of Tow Hollow) on Lamb street. There the boys disturbed the repose of the celebrated Miller family, and Mrs. Miller straightway went to one of the Democratic Justices of the Peace, who loves fees quite as much as law, and made information against the three persons named, who were arrested and bound over to court. When the hearing came before court, Thomas testified that these parties threw stones. The jury did not see it in the same light that he did, and returned a verdict of not guilty, and divided the costs. Mrs. Miller being the prosecutor, of course can't pay the costs, which, of necessity, will come off the county. The only mistake the jury made was, that they did not divide the costs between William H. Blair, the attorney for the prosecutor, and the Justice of the Peace, who made return of the same. This is one of the cases which takes up so much time of the court at the expense of the people, and jurors would set a good example by disposing of some of them as we suggest, which will be a saving to the tax-payers, as well as teaching Squires that their occupation should not be taken up in filching fees from the county treasury.

——We called the attention of our readers, a week or two ago, to the fact that the Reform church were about to ask the patronage of the public to a lecture, to be delivered at the Court House, Saturday evening, February 12, by Prof. Theodore Appel, of Lancaster, on the "Wonders of the Moon." This subject cannot fail to interest everybody, and not only interest, but instruct. This church has claims upon the people from the fact that it has not been in the habit of soliciting its patronage constantly, although poor and actually needy. We hope therefore, that the people will turn out and fill the Court House, and give our brethren of the Reform church a generous lift. In this lecture on the "Wonders of the Moon," the lecturer will consider its light and heat, its phases, its motions among the stars, its risings, settings, tides, eclipses, its supposed influence on animal and vegetable life, its size, distance from the earth, its revolutions around the earth and sun, its rotation on its axis, its cycles, atmosphere, water or clouds; has it vegetable or animal life; the moon hoax—man in the moon, as seen through the telescope;—mountains, valleys, highlands, lowlands, volcanos and lunar scenery in general; geology, origin, history, object and design—a trip to the moon. The various points considered will be illustrated by views on the screen, with the assistance of the stereopticon, such as tides, eclipses, lunar scenery, etc.

——Some years ago a number of gentlemen from Pennsylvania formed a company and purchased a large tract of land in West Virginia, near Charleston, the present capital of the State. Among the stockholders were included Moses Thompson, John I. Thompson, Henry Brockerhoff, Edmund Blanchard and Charles McCafferty, of Centre county. There was a meeting of stockholders in the reading-room of the Bush House yesterday. Among the distinguished visitors we noticed the Hon. J. D. Cameron, the son of our distinguished Senator of Harrisburg, and Hon. Wm. H. Armstrong and B. Otto, Esq., of Williamsport.

——Just the best place in this county, or we might even say in this State, to get a watch repaired, is at Richards's, in McCafferty's block, near the railroad depot. Mr. Richards is one of the very best workmen in the United States. This may seem like strong langnage, but we know what we are talking about, having a watch which we had left with some of the best workmen in Boston, Philadelphia and New York, but never found a man who understood how to put it in good order, until we left it with Mr. Richards. He repaired that watch two years ago, and it has kept the best of time ever since.

——There is nothing to exceed the fiendish satisfaction a man will take in announcing to his wife, after he has got his shirt on, that there is a button missing, and the delight he feels, to see her dancing around the room after a needle and thread, while she listens to a lecture on infernal carelessness. But look out when she gets that button on, and bites off the thread with a snap and commences—"there now."

——Dr. Belford's friends will be glad to learn that he has returned to town, and can be found at his office, over Reynold's Bank. Those wanting dental work done should call at once.

——We have known people who would let a boy climb three pair of stairs with a peck of apples, and then say, "no sonny, apples are not healthy."

——Green keeps the best 5 cent cigars in town.

Court Proceedings.

The second week of the January term of court commenced on Monday, the 31st, Judge Mayer presiding. There was a considerable amount of work done during the week, represented rather by the importance and lengthiness of some of the cases tried than by their numerousness. Judge Mayer has a faculty of keeping the legal machinery in active operation while the court is in session.

George A. Byers vs. Isaac Haupt—trespass, on the case for injury to a lot of ground through which the borough run a street, and it was understood that the defendant by his contract with the city, was to pay the damage. After some testimony had been given, the defendant permitted a verdict to be rendered for the plaintiff. McManus for plaintiff, Alexander & Bower, Blanchard for defendant.

William Jones and Eva Jones vs. James Miller and Hannah Miller—ejectment for a lot of ground with a house upon it. No defence was made and a verdict was rendered for the plaintiff for the land described on the writ, to be released upon payment of $248 50, with interest from April 1st, 1876. Alexander & Bower for plaintiff, McManus for defendant.

Alexander Shannon vs. Joseph Crotzer and Henry Wetmer—assumpsit. Mr. Shannon was employed by the defendants to fix up the books and settle accounts of the Centre Hall Manufacturing Company, of which they were officers and stockholders. Plaintiff claimed that he spent considerable of his own money in closing up the business of the company, and that defendants owed him for his services. They had given Mr. Shannon a note, which they allege was on behalf of the company, but that they were not personally liable, and did not agree to become so.

Three young men, Burns, Keenan and Powers, were brought in by an officer, charged with disobeying the subpœna of the court. They were subpœnaed to be in attendance last week, in the case of the Com. vs. Perks, charged with violation of the liquor law. When wanted, these witnesses were not to be found, but seem to have intentionally got out of the way, hence an attachment was issued and an officer sent for them. Judge Orvis took the bench and asked the boys if they had anything to say for themselves. They did not seem to think they had any plausible excuse to make, though an appeal was made for them by their counsel. His honor fined them $10 each and the costs of the attachment, telling them he thought it proper to give them a lesson on the subject of obeying the process of the court.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1ST.

The case of Shannon vs. Crotzer and witness was concluded, and a verdict rendered for the plaintiff, for $357.70. Beaver, Hoy for plaintiff, Alexander & Bower for defendant.

John Irwin, Jr., vs. W. W. Brown, *et al*—feigned issue, to try the validity of the will of Ezra Brisbin, Mr. Irwin, the plaintiff, being named as executor. It was claimed by the children and heirs of the decedent, who were defendants in the case, that Mr. Brisbin was insane at the time of making the will in controversy, and had been so for some time previous. Considerable testimony was given upon this point, chiefly by the daughters of Mr. Brisbin.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND.

The above cause was concluded, and, by agreement, a verdict was rendered for the defendants. Furst, E. M. Blanchard for plaintiff, Beaver, Blair for defendants.

Charles McCafferty vs. John F. Potter—assumpsit. This was a lengthy case, from its nature, and has excited no little interest in the community. Mr. McCafferty sold to Mr. Potter a lot of ground, being the old jail property on High street, opposite the Court House, and agreed to erect a house thereon, according to certain plans and specifications, for all of which Mr. Potter was to pay the sum of $6,500. The house was to be completed and delivered to Mr. Potter April 1st, 1873, but was not delivered for about a year after, Mr. McCafferty claiming that the winter after he undertook to build was so severe that it was impossible to go on with the work. The plans and specifications for this building which were made a part of the article of agreement between the parties, were voluminous, but as the circumstances of this case showed, none too complete or specific. Mr. McCafferty claimed for extra work and materials, owing to changes in the original plans, which he alleged were ordered by Mr. Potter. Mr. Potter, on the other hand, alleged that he had ordered no changes but such as were provided for in the original agreement except in unimportant particulars. He claimed for damages for the delay in getting the occupancy of the property, and also for alleged deficiencies in the work and materials under the contract. This suit was instituted and Mr. McCafferty made plaintiff by an agreement of the counsel for the parties, as a means of arriving at a settlement of the dispute.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3RD.

The above cause was continued, and occupied the whole of the day, besides an evening session, when the evidence was closed.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4TH.

The case of McCafferty vs. Potter was argued on both sides, and the charge of the court delivered, when the jury retired to consult, just before the usual dinner hour. When the court was ready to adjourn for the day the jury had not yet come to a decision, but thought they could do so in another half hour, with supper in prospect, having had nothing to eat since morning. Verdict for defendant for $40. Furst, E. M. Blanchard for plaintiff, Beaver, Alexander & Bower for defendant.

P. M. McCaffery vs. Mary B. J. Valentine, widow of Reuben B. Valentine, deceased, and two minor children of the same, with their guardian—ejectment for two hundred and forty acres of land in Marion township, Centre county. After the evidence had been given in the court decided that the plaintiff had no claim, having shown no title to but fifty acres of the land claimed, and for this the defendants disclaimed ownership while there was no proof that they were in possession. Verdict for defendants. Blair, Alexander for plaintiff, Hoy for defendants.

After hearing some arguments and transacting other routine business, the court adjourned to the first Monday in March, when there is to be a term of two weeks.

THE NEW ERA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1876.—This is a company started on a new plan, and we think a much fairer one than any we have ever examined. It is purely mutual. The risks are divided into divisions, according to age, and each division into classes, according to the amount of insurance the applicant wishes to carry. Each class embraces 1000 applicants, and each applicant pays $10 on joining, and $1.10 on each death after the first three in his or her class, and $2 a year annual dues, from which said two dollars all expenses of the office and officers, saleries, must be paid. The Treasurer is required, by the charter, to give bond in $50,000 for the proper keeping of the money. Ex-Gov. Pollock, is President, and Colonel D. G. Bush, of our town, Vice-President and Business Manager, and T. Conrow, of Philadelphia, Treasurer.

John H. Morrison has been appointed agent for this place, and is now actively engaged in writing applications and receiving policies.

From the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of New York, we see that the rate of mortality was only nine in one thousand, and some former years it was much less. Then why should the party desiring to leave his family in comfortable circumstances in case of death, be compelled to pay from $20 to $50 each year on a policy of $1000, when about $11 or $12 will carry it. It seems to be the boast of the old-style companies to claim that they have a surplus amounting to millions, when a little reflection will satisfy one that it has been accumulating from the policy holders, they thus paying that much more than was required to carry their policies. We say insure in the New Era.

——We announced, some time ago, that a number of gentlemen who had been addicted to the use of strong drink, had formed a Centennial club, with Dr. George L. Potter, as president, pledging themselves to abstain from the use of spirituous liquors as a beverage, during the Centennial year. The latest reports are that the club is prospering, and new names are being enrolled weekly. It gives us a great deal of pleasure to note that Dr. Potter is not only president, but an active member of the club. They have our best wishes for their future prosperity, and we trust they will continue in the good work. Dr. Potter has the ability to make it a success, for there is no physician in this community who can neglect his practice and regain it as he does. This, of itself, should induce him to stick to the good undertaking, and thrift and prosperity will be sure to follow. We bid them Godspeed.

——We learn from the *Reporter* that Samuel Lose, of Brush Valley, had two horses stolen from him on the night of the 17th inst. After going about two miles with the animals the thief discovered that one of them was without a shoe, and replaced it with one owned by Mr. Harter. Nothing has been heard of the thief, and it is not known what course he took.

——If a man would wake up in the morning and find his money five dollars short, the question would naturally arise, "who took that wealth?" Wasn't his wife asleep all the time.

——For the last time we advise you to read Kennedy & Co.'s large advertisement and take the agency for this county.

——Business in Bellefonte is dull and money close, but not close enough to reach.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday morning, Feb. 2, 1876, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Julia Musser, by Rev. J. Foster Bell, Dr. J. R. Smith, Jr., and Miss Clara Musser, all of Pine Grove, Centre county.